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Compliments of Northwest Ministry Network



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Beginning with the 2010 edition, John co-authored the *Zondervan Minister's Tax & Financial Guide* and the *Zondervan Church and Nonprofit Tax & Financial Guide* with Dan Busby and Michael Martin.

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This publication is designed to provide accurate and authoritative information regarding the subject matter covered. The text has been significantly excerpted from the *Zondervan Minister's Tax & Financial Guide*, 2017 edition. It is distributed with the understanding that neither the publisher nor the authors are engaged in rendering legal, accounting, or other professional services. If legal advice or other expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional person should be sought.

Every effort has been made to make the materials in this text current as of the date of publication. Federal tax law, however, is subject to change. Congress can modify the law as it has on numerous occasions over the years. Also, court decisions and IRS rulings can significantly affect the application of federal tax laws. Such changes may affect the accuracy of this publication.

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Recent Developments

Ministers continue to be faced with a plethora of tax and finance developments. A summary of some of the more significant developments follow (see the "In the News" link at ECFA.org for current updates on these issues and much more):

Judge blocks new overtime rule. The U.S. Department of Labor's (DOL) final overtime rule, updating the salary threshold required for the executive, administrative, and professional ("white collar") exemption available under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), was scheduled to be effective December 1, 2016. This rule would have raised the salary threshold from \$455 per week (\$23,660 for a full-year worker) to \$913 per week (\$47,476 for a full-year worker), effective December 1, 2016. Such a substantial increase could have potentially imposed significant financial burdens on churches and ministries.

A federal judge for the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas blocked the DOL's new overtime rule. Judge Amos Mazzant ruled, on November 22, 2016, that the DOL exceeded its legal authority in implementing the new rule.

For now, churches may continue to follow the existing overtime rules. The injunction applies until Judge Mazzant issues a full ruling on the validity of the new pay regulations. If he rules that the new overtime rule is invalid, the decision could be appealed to a higher court, although this appears to be unlikely.

It is important for churches to remain attentive to the existing overtime rules. This is an excellent opportunity to examine and update pay practices, to ensure legal compliance and address employment compensation matters.

Housing benefits for ministers are back under attack. Freedom From Religion Foundation (FFRF) has filed a new lawsuit in federal court challenging the constitutionality of the ministers' housing exclusion.

Under current law (IRC, 107), qualified ministers may exclude from income tax, within certain limits, the rental value of church-provided housing or housing allowances for ministers owning or renting their homes. FFRF charges the law unconstitutionally provides "preferential and discriminatory tax benefits" and violates equal protection principles.

This attack on the housing exclusion is just the latest attempt by FFRF, a group which describes itself as a promoter of nontheism and separation between church and state. In 2014, a U.S. Appeals Court denied a similar challenge by FFRF on the procedural ground of standing.

The court concluded FFRF could not proceed with its case at the time because its leadership had not suffered any "concrete and particularized" injury. In other words, FFRF could not sue because its leaders were never actually denied the benefit of a housing allowance from the IRS. The court went on to suggest, however, that FFRF may have standing if its leaders were to pay income taxes on a designated housing allowance, claim a refund from the IRS, and then sue if the IRS rejected or failed to act upon their claims.

According to the latest court filings, FFRF appears to have followed the appeals court's roadmap in bringing this suit. It claims standing is now met because its leaders have paid taxes on designated housing allowances and been denied refunds after requesting them from the IRS.

Interestingly, the federal government who has the responsibility for defending this provision of the tax code conceded in its first filing in the case that based on its understanding of the facts FFRF has the legal standing required to challenge the housing allowance exclusion (while maintaining there is no standing to challenge the exclusion for parsonages). While this is simply a procedural update—there has been no decision by the court on the merits—it is an important one. FFRF's previous attack on the housing allowance was ultimately rejected by the appeals court based on standing.

With standing now conceded by the federal government in this case, this removes an important barrier to allowing FFRF to proceed for the time being with its latest challenge to the housing allowance at the federal district court level.

What is the immediate impact for ministers and churches? This lawsuit is still in the early stages. The mere filing of the case and initial briefs by the parties do not have any effect on ministers who are eligible for the housing exclusion under current law.

Heightened procedures now apply to church employment tax audits. For decades, federal law has required the IRS to follow strict guidelines in the process of auditing churches for compliance with rules related to maintaining their tax-exempt status ("Church Audit Procedures Act," IRC 7611).

Now these heightened audit procedures will also apply in the context of employment tax audits, according to an internal IRS memo. One practical result of this change may be less church employment tax audits as the IRS has yet to officially revise regulations that have been years in the making to specify who is "an appropriate high-level Treasury official" to approve tax inquiries and examinations.

IRS withdraws controversial proposed gift substantiation alternative. Opposition was overwhelming to a recent IRS proposal related to charitable gift substantiation rules under the tax law.

The proposal would have allowed—but not required—nonprofits to annually file a new form with the IRS as an alternative to providing donors with written charitable gift acknowledgments to substantiate their single contributions of \$250 or more for tax deductibility purposes.

The IRS withdrew its proposed gift substantiation alternative after receiving nearly 38,000 public comments.

The primary concerns with the proposal were related to donor privacy and identity theft because the new reporting form would have required nonprofits to keep donor taxpayer identification numbers (social security numbers) on file to report to the federal government.

Changes coming soon to presentation standards for Not-for-Profit Financial Statements. The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) has just announced the first major changes in over 20 years to its standards governing financial statement presentation by not-for-profits, including churches and ministries.

The stated goal: improving the standards "to provide better information to donors, grantors, creditors, and other users of financial statements."

Amendments to the standards are focused on four key areas: (1) net asset classification, (2) information about liquidity and availability of resources, (3) information about expenses and investment return, and (4) presentation of operating cash flows.

The changes become effective for Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)-prepared financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. See FASB In Focus - Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) released August 18, 2016, for more details.

ACA updates impacting ministers' 2016 taxes. As changes from the Affordable Care Act (ACA) continue to roll out, there are two developments in particular that ministers may notice this year in preparing their tax returns.

1. Rising "individual mandate" penalty. The first is the increased penalty related to the individual mandate. As of January 1, 2014, most ministers were required to maintain "minimum essential" health care coverage as defined by the law or be subject to a penalty tax known as the individual shared responsibility payment. For 2016, this penalty is the greater of (1) a flat rate of \$695 per adult and \$347.50 per child (up to \$2,085 for a family), or (2) 2.5% of household income, whichever is greater. The penalty is calculated based on the number of months in the year that the taxpayer is without the required coverage, and a taxpayer will not be penalized for a single gap in coverage less than three months. Individual shared responsibility payments are made along with the filing of federal income tax returns. Most ministers can avoid these penalities by obtaining health care coverage through their employer's plan or purchasing "Bronze" level coverage through a government exchange (or equivalent coverage through a private insurer.

2. Forms related to health insurance coverage. Ministers who have obtained health insurance through the federal exchange will continue to receive Form 1095-A from the government. Those who are covered under an employer-sponsored health insurance plan may receive Form 1095-B, verifying that they have received ACA-compliant coverage, and Form 1095-C, providing additional details about the health benefits provided by the employer to the employee. Reporting on Forms 1095-B and 1095-C is only required by large employers (those with fifty or more full-time equivalent employees), but the information may also be voluntarily furnished by smaller employers.

To learn more about ACA rules and changes, visit HealthCare.gov and IRS.gov/affordable-care-act.

Changes coming for Social Security in 2017. Here are some of the key changes coming from the Social Security Administration (SSA) for 2017:

- Higher income taxpayers are going to be paying more into the Social Security program. The annual payroll tax earnings cap dictates what earned income is subject to the 12.4 tax that funds Social Security. For 2017, we are going to see a change in the cap as it rises to \$127,200 from \$118,500.
- The full retirement age (FRA) has begun to increase for new retirees. It has been over three decades since Congress passed legislation to alter the full retirement age—the age at which you become eligible for 100% of your monthly benefit. Beginning in 2017, the FRA is slated to increase by two months for those born in 1955, to 66 years and 2 months.
- Seniors who file for benefits prior to reaching their full retirement age are subject to having some, or all, of their benefits withheld by the SSA if they earn too much. In 2016, early filers who had not reached their FRA, and would not do so during the year, would have \$1 in benefits withheld for each \$2 in earned income over \$15,720. For persons hitting their FRA during 2016, but who had not yet done so when they filed, \$1 in benefits could be withheld for each \$3 in earned income above \$41,880. These thresholds have been pushed up to \$16,920 and \$44,880, respectively for 2017.

Study shows pastors often suffer in silence on financial issues, lack necessary resources. The National Association of Evangelicals (www.NAE.net) released the results of a new study in 2016 revealing the extent to which many pastors are struggling in their personal finances and do not know where to turn for the right tools and resources on managing their personal and church finances. According to the study, the problems were most pronounced with pastors serving in smaller congregations, which make up the vast majority of churches across the United States.

The following findings are just a few of the most telling from the full report available at NAE.net/pastorresearch:

- Half of the pastors serve in churches with annual budgets under \$125,000 that must cover the cost of the church facilities, programs, and pastor/staff payroll.
- Fifty percent of pastors receive less than \$50,000 per year in compensation with 30% having student loan debt averaging \$36,000.
- When asked to rank their financial concerns, 92% identified lack of retirement savings, 84% felt they did not have needed funds for emergencies and larger purchases, 60% were concerned about medical insurance/bills, and 54% were concerned about lack of college savings for their children's education.
- Over 85% of pastors said they did not receive financial training from their seminary. Many pastors (37%) are not familiar with what resources their denomination offers for personal finances.

It is our prayer that the practical information and tips included in this guide will be useful to you as a pastor in eliminating confusion about some of the most common tax questions and in leveraging your compensation to yield the best possible stewardship outcome.

For more helpful resources like these for you and your church including articles, webinars, videos, and more, visit ECFA.church.

Key Federal	Tax Limits, R	Rat	es, and Other I	Data
	2015		2016	2017
Standard deductions, exemptions	, and exclusions:			
Standard Deductions	Married-Joint Return \$12	2,600	Married-Joint Return \$12,600	Married-Joint Return \$12,700
		9,250	Head of Household 9,300	Head of Household 9,350
	-	6,300	Single 6,300	Single 6,350
		6,300	Married-Separate Returns 6,300	Married-Separate Returns 6,350
Personal & dependent exemption amount		4,000	\$4,050	\$4,050
Foreign earned income exclusion	\$99	9,200	\$100,800	\$101,30
Social security:	,	1.5.00/	1 5 00/	15.00
	on wages	15.3%	15.3% on wages up to	15.39 on wages up to
SECA (OASDI & Medicare) rate	\$250,000 married		\$250,000 married-joint,	\$250,000 married-joint
	\$125,000 married-sept		\$125,000 married-separate,	\$125,000 married-separate
	and \$200,000 all a	others	and \$200,000 all others	and \$200,000 all other
OASDI maximum compensation base	\$118	8,500	\$118,500	\$127,200
Social security cost of living benefit increase		1.7%	0.0%	0.3%
Social security Full Retirement Age (FRA)	66	years	66 years	66 year
Medicare Part B premiums - Basic	\$10	04.90	\$104.90	
Earnings ceiling for social security (for employment	Below FRA: \$15	5,720	Below FRA: \$15,720	Below FRA: \$16,920
before FRA; special formula in FRA year)	Over FRA:	None	Over FRA: None	Over FRA: None
Earnings limit in year FRA attained	\$4	1,400	\$41,880	\$44,880
Benefits and contributions:				
Maximum annual contribution to defined contribution plan	\$55	3,000	\$53,000	\$54,000
Maximum salary deduction for 401(k)/403(b)	\$18	8,000	\$18,000	\$18,000
401(k) & 403(b) over 50 "catch up" limit	\$6	6,000	\$6,000	\$6,000
Maximum income exclusion for nonqualified plans in 501(c)(3) organizations (IRC 457)	\$18	8,000	\$18,000	\$18,000
IRA contribution limit – age 49 and below	S	5,500	\$5,500	\$5,50
– age 50 and above		6,500	\$6,500	\$6,50
Highly compensated employee limit	\$120	0,000	\$120,000	\$120,000
Maximum annual contribution to health flexible spending arrangements	S	2,500	\$2,550	\$2,600
Per diem and mileage rates and	other transportation	on:		•
Standard per diem: Lowest rates	Lodging	q \$83	Lodging \$89	Lodging \$9
in continental USA	Meals & Incidental	s \$46	Meals & Incidentals \$51	Meals & Incidentals \$5
Business auto mileage rate	57.5¢ per	r mile	54¢ per mile	53.5¢ per mil
Moving & medical auto mileage rate	23¢ pei		19¢ per mile	17¢ per mil
Charitable auto mileage rate	14¢ per	r mile	14¢ per mile	14¢ per mile
Airplane mileage rate (1)	\$1.31 per	r mile	\$1.29 per mile	
Motorcycle mileage rate (1)	53¢ per	r mile	54.5¢ per mile	
Bicycle commuting rate	\$20 per n	month	\$20 per month	
Maximum value of reimbursement of business expenses (other than lodging) without receipt		\$75	\$75	\$7
Luxury automobile value (limit on use of cents-per-mile valuation of company automobile)	\$10	6,000	\$16,000	
Monthly limit on free parking		\$250	\$255	\$25
Transit passes/token — monthly tax-free limit		\$250	\$255	\$25
Other:				
Gift tax annual exclusion	Ć1.	4,000	\$14,000	\$14,000

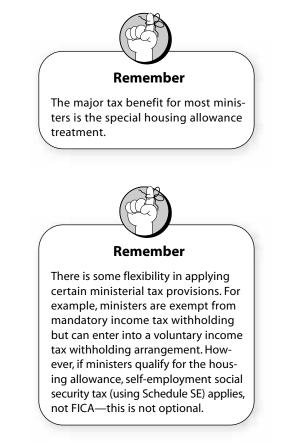
⁽¹⁾ Privately owned vehicle mileage rates set by the U.S. General Services Administration Note: In some instances, the rate for a particular year may apply to a tax return filed in a subsequent year.

Get the Big Picture

Six special tax provisions are available only to individuals who qualify as ministers under federal tax rules and who perform services that qualify in the exercise of ministry under federal tax rules.

Special Tax Provisions for Ministers

- 1. Exclusion of the housing allowance for income tax purposes and the fair rental value of a church-owned parsonage provided rent-free to ministers.
- 2. Exemption of ministers from self-employment social security tax under very limited circumstances.
- 3. For social security tax purposes, treatment of ministers as self-employed as it relates to income from ministerial services.
- 4. Exemption of ministers' compensation from mandatory income tax withholding.
- 5. Eligibility for a voluntary income tax withholding arrangement between minister-employees and the church.
- 6. Potential "double deduction" of mortgage interest and real estate taxes as itemized deductions and as excludable housing expenses for housing allowance purposes for ministers living in minister-provided housing.



Ministers Serving Local Churches

You may believe you are classified as a minister, your church may consider you as a minister, your denomination may classify you as a minister, but what does the IRS consider you? For tax purposes, the opinion of the IRS is the one that counts.

Determining whether you are classified as a minister for tax purposes is very important. It determines how you prepare your tax return for income and social security tax purposes. Qualified ministers are eligible for the housing allowance. This alone can exclude thousands of dollars from income taxation.

Ministers calculate self-employment social security tax on Schedule SE and pay the tax with Form 1040. Nonministers have one-half of their social security tax (FICA) withheld from salary, and the church pays the other half.

How can I tell whether the IRS will treat me as a minister?

If you are employed by a church and are ordained, commissioned, or licensed and meet the following four tests, the IRS will generally consider you a minister. You

- □ administer the sacraments,
- are considered to be a religious leader by your church,
- □ conduct worship services, and



Determination of ministerial status is far from a precise matter. Only a review of all the pertinent facts and circumstances for a particular minister will assist in determining whether an individual will qualify for ministerial tax status. □ have management responsibility in the control, conduct, or maintenance of your church.

Based on guidelines issued by the IRS, some of the four tests, but not necessarily all, must be met in determining ministerial status. This flexible approach is beneficial to many ministers because some positions relating to music, education, youth, or administration will not meet all four tests.

There is no requirement that you must be qualified to perform and actually perform every sacrament. If you are qualified to perform certain sacraments and actually perform or could perform some of the

sacraments on occasion, you will generally meet this test. A similar test applies to conducting religious worship and providing management services. If you currently conduct religious worship and provide management services, have done it in the past, or could do it in the future, the test will generally be met.

Job titles have little significance for tax purposes. A licensed, commissioned, or ordained minister may have a job title that implies a ministry function. However, the actual responsibilities of the position will determine if the four-factor test (see page 7) is met. Ministers performing services of a routine nature, such as those performed by secretaries, clerks, and janitors, generally do not qualify as a minister for tax purposes.

Because of the inconsistency of these rulings, ministers serving in a local church who do not clearly meet all four factors should review these matters with a qualified professional adviser before filing income tax returns.

Ministers in Denominational, Administrative, and Teaching Positions

Ordained, commissioned, or licensed ministers not serving local churches may qualify as a "minister" for federal tax purposes in the following situations:

- Administration of religious denominations and their integral agencies, including teaching or administration in parochial schools, colleges, or universities that are under the authority of a denomination.
- Performing services for a parachurch organization based upon an assignment or designation by a church.

If a church does not assign or designate your services, you will qualify for the special tax treatments of ministers if your services substantially involve performing sacerdotal functions or conducting religious worship.

• Social Security Status of Ministers

Ministers engaged in the exercise of ministry are always treated as self-employed for social security tax purposes. Ministers pay social security under the Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA)

Individuals serving local churches must meet certain tests to qualify as a minister in the eyes of the IRS. The individual should generally be ordained, licensed, or commissioned.

Warning

Ministers employed by institutions that are an "integral agency" of a religious denomination are subject to special tax treatment if their position is in a teaching or administrative area.

Tip



Social security is one of the most confusing issues for many ministers. FICA-type social security never applies to an individual who qualifies as a minister for tax purposes. Stated another way, if a housing allowance has been designated for you, FICA tax should not be deducted from your pay—you are responsible to determine your social security tax by completing Schedule SE each year. instead of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA). It is possible to become exempt from SECA only if you meet strict exemption requirements. The request for exemption must be filed using Form 4361 within a specified time from the beginning of your ministry. The request for exemption must be approved by the IRS (see page 31).

Your earnings that are not from the exercise of ministry are generally subject to social security tax under FICA or SECA as applied to all workers.

Income Tax Status of Ministers

Are ministers employees or self-employed (independent contractors) for income tax purposes? The IRS considers virtually all ministers to be employees for income tax purposes. The income tax filing status has many ramifications for what and how churches and ministers report to the IRS.

The IRS often applies a common-law test to decide whether ministers are employees or selfemployed for income tax purposes. Generally, you are an employee if your employer has the legal right to control both what you do and how you do it, even if you have con-

siderable discretion and freedom of action. However, ministers who are employees of a church for income tax purposes may also be selfemployed for income tax purposes with respect to certain services (baptisms, marriages, and funerals).

Determining if you are an employee or self-employed for income tax purposes will determine several other tax-related issues:

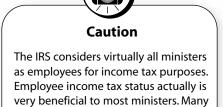
□ Minister-employees must be given Form W-2 and report their compensation on page 1 of Form 1040. They are eligible to claim unreimbursed business expenses and expenses reimbursed under a nonaccountable plan on Schedule A (non-accountable plan reimbursements must be included in

compensation on Form W-2). If you itemize deductions, business and professional expenses are deductible only to the extent that such expenses exceed 2% of adjusted gross

income (AGI). Deductible business meals and entertainment expenses are limited to 50%.

Accident, long-term care insurance, and qualified group health insurance premiums paid directly by a church or reimbursed by a church, after the minister provides substantiation, are not reportable as income to the minister-employee but must be reported as taxable income to the self-employed minister.

Minister-employees may deduct health, accident, and longterm care insurance premiums paid personally, and not reimbursed by the church, on Schedule A as a medical and dental expense, subject to a 10% limitation of adjusted gross income.



fringe benefits are tax-free only to

Key Issue

The defining court case on the topic of

took the position he was self-employed

for income tax purposes. The Tax Court held that he was an employee for

income tax purposes. A federal appeals

court upheld the decision.

income tax status for ministers was a 1994 case in which a Methodist cleric

employees.



Caution

With rare exceptions, ministers should receive Form W-2 from their church or other employer. Few ministers qualify as independent contractors for income tax purposes (even though considered self-employed for social security tax purposes). A church or other employer generally has sufficient control over the minister to qualify for W-2 treatment. The impact of a minister being considered self-employed for income tax purposes is generally very significant even if only health insurance is considered. Reporting these premiums as taxable (minister-employee) versus tax-free (self-employed minister for income purposes) can impact the minister's tax bill by thousands of dollars. If health insurance premiums are included in taxable income, a low-income minister might also have his or her earned income tax credit reduced or eliminated.

- Health savings accounts, health reimbursement arrangements, or flexible spending accounts are only available to ministers who are employees for income tax purposes.
- Group-term life insurance of \$50,000 or less provided by a church is tax-free to ministeremployees but represents taxable income for self-employed ministers.
- A voluntary arrangement to withhold income tax may be used by ministeremployees but may not be used by the self-employed.

Recommended Filing Status

Virtually all ministers serving local churches qualify as employees for income tax purposes. It is wise to file as an employee for income tax purposes, unless you can clearly demonstrate that you qualify for selfemployed status. Few ministers can substantiate filing as selfemployed for income tax purposes.

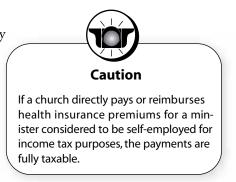
Even though ministers may take exception to the reporting of the church, the church has a responsibility under the law to determine the proper filing method and to proceed accordingly.

Evangelists and Missionaries

The qualifications of itinerant evangelists for the special ministerial tax provisions are generally the same as for ministers serving local churches.

Most evangelists are self-employed both for income tax and self-employment social security tax purposes. The only exception is the evangelist who has formed a corporation and is an employee of the corporation. In this instance, the evangelist is an employee for income tax purposes, but remains self-employed for social security tax purposes.

Missionaries are also subject to the same rules to qualify for ministerial status for tax purposes. Qualifying for benefits such as a housing allowance is often not so important for ministermissionaries because of the foreign earned income exclusion. However, the question of ministerial tax status is vitally important to determine if ministers are subject to social security as employees or as self-employed persons. The foreign-earned income exclusion affects income tax but not social security tax.





It is vital for churches to treat ministers as employees (Form W-2) for income tax purposes in nearly every instance. If ministers are not considered employees for income tax purposes, it jeopardizes the tax-free treatment of fringe benefits like health, accident, and long-term care insurance premiums, group-term life premiums, and certain other fringe benefits.

The Best Friend of Ministers

Nearly all ministers should have a portion of salary designated as a housing allowance. Maximizing housing benefits requires careful planning. For ministers living in church-owned housing, a housing allowance that covers expenses such as furnishings, personal property insurance on contents, utilities, and so on could save several hundred dollars of income taxes annually. A properly designated housing allowance may be worth thousands of dollars in tax savings for ministers living in their own homes or rented quarters. For ministers without a housing allowance, every dollar of compensation is taxable for federal income tax purposes.

The housing allowance provides an opportunity to exclude dollars from gross income. The designated housing allowance should be subtracted from compensation before the church completes the data on

Key Issue

Understanding the distinction between a housing allowance designation and the housing exclusion is fundamental. The designation is officially made by the church. The exclusion is the amount ministers actually exclude for income tax purposes after applying the limitations outlined here.

Form W-2. The housing allowance designation is not entered on Form 1040 or related schedules, except Schedule SE, since it is not a deduction for income tax purposes. However, any unused portion of the housing designation must be reported as income on page 1, Form 1040.

If your church properly designates a portion of your cash salary for expenses of a home you provide, the exclusion is commonly referred to as a housing allowance. If the church properly designates a portion of your cash salary for expenses you incur in relation to church-provided housing, the exclusion is often called a parsonage allowance. In either instance, it is an exclusion from income tax, not self-employment tax.

Ministers are eligible to exclude the fair rental value of church-provided housing for income tax purposes without any official action by the church. However, a cash housing allowance related to church-provided or minister-provided housing is only excludable under the following rules:

➤ The allowance must be officially designated by the church. The designation should be stated in writing, preferably by resolution of the top governing body, in an employment contract, or—at a minimum—in the church budget and payroll records. If the only reference to the housing allowance is in the church budget, the budget should be formally approved by the top governing body of the church.

Tax law does not specifically say an oral designation of the housing allowance is unacceptable. In certain instances, the IRS has accepted an oral housing designation. Still, the use of a written designation is preferable and highly recommended. The lack of a written designation significantly weakens the defense for the housing exclusion upon audit.

- ➤ The housing allowance must be designated prospectively by the church. Cash housing allowance payments made prior to a designation of the housing allowance are fully taxable for income tax purposes. Carefully word the resolution so that it will remain in effect until a subsequent resolution is adopted (see the examples on page 15).
- Only actual expenses can be excluded from income. The source of the funds used to pay the minister's housing expenses must be compensation earned by the minister in the exercise of ministry in the current year.
- Only an annual comparison by ministers of housing expenses to the housing allowance is required. For example, if the housing allowance designation is stated in terms of a weekly or monthly amount, only a comparison of actual housing expenses to the annualized housing allowance is required.

The housing allowance exclusion cannot exceed the fair rental value of the housing, plus utilities.

Types of Housing Arrangements

Ministers Living in a Parsonage Owned by or Rented by a Church

If you live in a church-owned parsonage or housing rented by the church, the fair rental value of the housing is not reported for income tax purposes. The fair rental value is subject only to self-employment tax.

You may request a housing allowance to cover expenses incurred in maintaining the church-owned or rented housing. Examples of allowable expenses are utilities, repairs, furnishings, and appliances. If the actual expenses exceed the housing allowance designated by the church, the excess amount cannot be excluded from income.

It is appropriate for minister's out-of-pocket expenses for the maintenance of a church-owned parsonage to be reimbursed by the church if a full accounting is made. Such reimbursements do not relate to a housing allowance. If such expenses are not reimbursed, they could be excludable from income under a housing allowance.



If the church owns the parsonage, the church may wish to provide an equity allowance to help compensate ministers for equity not accumulated through home ownership. An equity allowance is taxable both for income and social security tax purposes, unless directed to a 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity or certain other retirement programs.

Ministers Owning or Renting Their Own Home

If you own or rent your own home, you may exclude, for income tax purposes, a cash housing allowance that is the *lowest* of (1) reasonable compensation, (2) the amount used to provide a home from current church income, (3) the amount prospectively and officially designated, or (4) the fair rental value of the furnished home, plus utilities.

Many ministers make the mistake of automatically excluding from income, for income tax purposes, the total designated housing allowance, even though the fair rental value of the furnished home or actual housing expenses are less than the designation. This practice may cause a significant underpayment of income taxes.

Example: A minister lives in a personally owned home. The church prospectively designated \$28,000 of the salary as housing allowance. The minister spends \$27,000 for housing-related items. The fair rental value of the home is \$29,000. Since the amount spent is lower than the designated housing allowance or the fair rental value, the excludable housing is \$27,000. Therefore, \$1,000 (\$28,000 less \$27,000) must be added to taxable income on Form 1040, page 1, line 7. Unless the minister has opted out of social security, the entire \$28,000 is reportable for social security purposes on Schedule SE.

• Designating the Housing Allowance

The following steps are often followed in designating and excluding the housing allowance:

- 1. A minister estimates the housing-related expenses to be spent in the coming year and presents this information to the church.
- 2. The church then adopts a written housing allowance designation based on the estimate.
- 3. At the close of the tax year, the minister who provides his or her own housing compares the amount designated for housing, the housing expenses substantiated, and the fair rental value of the home including furnishings and utilities. The *lower* of these amounts is excluded for income tax purposes. Ministers living in churchprovided housing must compare the amount designated and actual housing expenses and exclude the lower of the two amounts.

Designation Limits

The IRS does not place a limit on how much of ministerial compensation may be designated as a housing allowance by the employing church. But practical and reasonable limits usually apply.

Unless the amount is justified based on anticipated expenses and is within the fair rental value limit, it is generally inadvisable for the church to exclude 100% of compensation.

It is often best for the church to overdesignate your parsonage allowance by a reasonable amount, subject to the fair rental value test, to allow for unexpected expenses and increases in utility costs. Any excess housing allowance designated should be shown as income on line 7 of Form 1040.

Reporting the Housing Allowance to Ministers

The designated housing allowance may be reflected for minister-employees on Form W-2 in Box 14 with the notation, "Housing Allowance." Though not required, this reporting method is suggested by Publication 517. Or, churches can report the designated housing allowance to ministers by providing a statement separate from Form W-2. This may be in a memo or letter. The statement should not be attached to your income tax returns.

Your church may erroneously include the housing allowance on Form W-2, Box 1. If this happens, the church should prepare a corrected Form W-2.

• Accounting for the Housing Allowance

Determining Fair Rental Value

The determination of the fair rental value of church-provided housing for self-employment social security purposes is solely the responsibility of ministers. The church is not responsible to set the value. The fair rental value should be based on comparable rental values of other similar residences in the immediate neighborhood or community, comparably furnished.

One of the best methods to use in establishing fair rental value of your housing is to request a local realtor to estimate the value in writing. Place the estimate in your tax file and annually adjust the value for inflation and other local real estate valuation factors.

13



The housing allowance designation may be prospectively amended at any time during the year, regardless of whether the church uses a calendar or fiscal year. Changing the designation to cover expenses that have already been paid (almost all ministers use the cash basis for tax purposes) is not acceptable.

Housing Allowance in Excess of Actual Expenses or Fair Rental Value

Some ministers erroneously believe that they may exclude every dollar of the housing *designation* adopted by the church without limitation. The housing designation is merely the starting point. If reasonable compensation, actual expenses, or the fair rental value is lower, the lowest amount is eligible for exclusion from income.

Example: A minister living in a personally owned home receives cash compensation of \$60,000 from the church. The church prospectively designates \$20,000 as a housing allowance. The fair rental value is \$24,000. Actual housing expenses for the year are \$18,000. The amount excludable from income is limited to the actual housing expenses of \$18,000.

Actual Expenses in Excess of the Designated Housing Allowance or Fair Rental Value

Actual housing expenses that exceed the designated housing allowance are not excludable from income. There are no provisions to carry over "unused" housing expenses to the next year.

Example: A minister living in a personally owned home receives cash compensation of \$60,000 from the church. The church prospectively designates \$30,000 of the \$60,000 as a housing allowance. Actual housing expenses for the year are \$50,000. The fair rental value is \$28,000. The expenses were unusually high because of a down payment on that house. The amount excludable from income is the fair rental value of \$28,000. There is no carryover of the \$22,000 (\$50,000 less \$28,000) of actual expenses in excess of the designated housing allowance to the next tax year.

Housing Allowances for Retired Ministers

Pension payments, retirement allowances, or disability payments paid to retired ministers from an established plan are generally taxable as pension income. However, denominations often designate a housing allowance for retired ministers to compensate them for past services to local churches of the denomination or in denominational administrative positions. The housing allowance designated relates only to payments from the denominationally sponsored retirement program.

Withdrawals from a denominationally sponsored 403(b), also called a tax-sheltered annuity (TSA), or 401(k) plan qualify for designation as a housing allowance. Withdrawals from a 403(b) or 401(k)plan not sponsored by a local church are not eligible for designation as a housing allowance. Retired ministers may also exclude the rental value of a home furnished by a church or a rental allowance paid by a church as compensation for past services.

Remember

Payments from denominational retirement plans are generally subject to a housing allowance designation. While a local church may designate a housing allowance for a retired minister, it is unclear if the IRS will honor the designation on the minister's tax return.

If a denomination or organization reports the gross amount of pension or TSA payments on Form 1099-R and designates the housing allowance, the minister may offset the housing expenses and reflect the net amount on page 1, Form 1040. A supplementary schedule such as the following example should be attached to the tax return:

Pensions and annuity income (Form 1040, line 16a)	\$ 10,000
Less housing exclusion	8,000
Form 1040, line 16b	<u>\$ 2,000</u>

For retired ministers, the amount excluded for income tax purposes is limited to the lowest of (1) the amount used to provide a home, (2) the properly designated housing allowance, or (3) the fair rental value of the furnished home, plus utilities.

Housing Allowance Resolutions

Parsonage owned by or rented by a church

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits ministers to exclude from gross income "the rental value of a home furnished as part of compensation" or a church-designated allowance paid as a part of compensation to the extent that actual expenses are paid from the allowance to maintain a parsonage owned or rented by the church;

Whereas, the church compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry; and

Whereas, the church provides (insert name) with rent-free use of a parsonage owned by (rented by) the church as a portion of the compensation for services rendered to the church in the exercise of ministry;

Resolved, That the compensation of (insert name) is \$4,500 per month, of which \$2,000 per month is a designated housing allowance; and

Resolved, That the designation of \$2,000 per month as a housing allowance shall apply until otherwise provided.

Home owned or rented by ministers

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits a minister to exclude from gross income a church-designated allowance paid as part of compensation to the extent used for actual expenses in owning or renting a home; and

Whereas, the church compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry;

Resolved, That the compensation of (insert name) is \$4,500 per month, of which \$2,000 per month is a designated housing allowance; and

Resolved, That the designation of \$2,000 per month as a housing allowance shall apply until otherwise provided.

Evangelists

Whereas, the Internal Revenue Code permits ministers to exclude from gross income a churchdesignated allowance paid as part of compensation to the extent used in owning or renting a permanent home; and

Whereas, the church compensates (insert name) for services in the exercise of ministry as an evangelist;

Resolved, That the honorarium paid to (insert name) shall be \$1,512, consisting of \$312 for travel expenses (with documentation provided to the church), \$500 for housing allowance, and a \$700 honorarium.

Ministers Living i	n Housing		
Owned or Rented by	y the Churc	h	
Name:			
For the period, 20 to	, 20		
Date designation approved, 20_			
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from current incom	ne)		
	Estima <u>Expen</u>		<u>1</u>
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection	\$	\$	
Local telephone expense (base charge)			
Decoration and redecoration			
Structural maintenance and repair			
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control			
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)			
Personal property insurance on minister-owned contents			
Personal property taxes on contents			
Umbrella liability insurance			
Subtotal			
10% allowance for unexpected expenses			
TOTAL	\$	\$	(.
Properly designated housing allowance		\$	(1

H	ousing Allowance V Minister-Owned Ho		leet	
Name:				
For the period	, 20 to	, 20		
Date designation approved	l, 20			
	nses (expenses paid from current income)	Estimat <u>Expens</u> e		al
Down payment on purch	ase of housing	\$	\$	
Housing loan principal ar	d interest payments (1)			
Real estate commission, es	scrow fees			
Real property taxes				
Personal property taxes or	n contents			
Homeowner's insurance				
Personal property insuran	ce on contents			
Umbrella liability insuran	ce			
Structural maintenance ar	nd repair			
Landscaping, gardening, a	nd pest control			
Furnishings <i>(purchase, rep</i> .	air, replacement)			
Decoration and redecorati	ion			
Utilities (gas, electricity, w	ater) and trash collection			
Local telephone expense ((base charge)			
Homeowner's association	dues/condominium fees			
Subtotal				
10% allowance for un	expected expenses			
TOTAL		\$	\$	(A
Properly designated h	ousing allowance		\$	(I
1, 6	ome, including furnishings, plus ut	ilities	\$	((
	ne equity loans or second mortgages are ir		o the extent the l	oan proce

More Than Meets the Eye

Ask most ministers how much they are paid, and the response will often be "My check from the church is \$1,000 a week." But that tells us very little. Not only is your salary subject to tax, but so are many fringe benefits that you may receive.

What are fringe benefits? A fringe benefit is any cash, property, or service that ministers receive from the church in addition to salary. The term "fringe benefits" is really a misnomer because ministers have come to depend on them as a part of the total compensation package. All fringe benefits are taxable income to ministers unless specifically exempted by the Internal Revenue Code.

Many fringe benefits can be provided by a church to a minister without any dollar limitation (qualified health insurance is an example), while other fringe benefits are subject to annual limits (dependent care is an example). A brief discussion of some of the key fringe benefits follows.

• Tax Treatment of Compensation Elements

- **Business and professional expenses reimbursed with adequate accounting.** If the church reimburses ministers under an *accountable* plan for employment-related professional or business expenses (for example, auto, other travel, subscriptions, and entertainment), the reimbursement is not taxable compensation and is not reported to the IRS by the church or ministers. Per diem reimbursements up to IRS-approved limits also qualify as excludable reimbursements.
- **Business and professional expense payments without adequate accounting.** Many churches pay periodic allowances or reimbursements to ministers for business expenses with no requirement to account adequately for the expenses. These payments do not meet the requirements of an accountable expense reimbursement plan.

Allowances or reimbursements under a *nonaccountable* plan must be included in a minister's taxable income. For an employee, the expenses related to a nonaccountable reimbursement plan are deductible only if the minister itemizes expenses on Schedule A. Even then, the business expenses, combined with other miscellaneous deductions, must exceed 2% of adjusted gross income.

A portion of unreimbursed expenses are also subject to disallowance when they relate to a housing allowance according to the IRS.

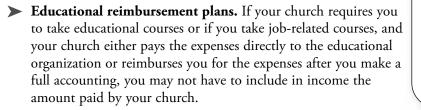
- Club dues and memberships. Dues for professional organizations (such as ministerial associations) or public service organizations (such as Kiwanis, Rotary, and Lions Clubs) are generally deductible or reimbursable. Other club dues are generally not deductible or reimbursable (including any club organized for business, pleasure, recreation, or other social purposes). If the church pays the health, fitness, or athletic facility dues for a minister, the amounts paid are generally fully includible in the minister's income as additional compensation.
- ➤ **Disability insurance.** If the church pays the disability insurance premiums (and the minister is named as the beneficiary) as a part of the compensation package, the premiums are excluded from income. However, any disability policy proceeds must be included in gross income. This is based on who paid the premiums for the policy covering the year when the disability started. If the premiums are shared between the church and a minister, then the benefits are taxable in the same proportion as the payment of the premiums.

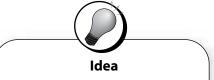
Statistics suggest that ministers are seven times more likely to need disability insurance than life insurance before age 65. When a church provides the maximum disability insurance as a tax-free benefit, it can reduce the awkwardness of a minister's transition relating to disability while serving the church.

Idea

Conversely, if you pay the disability insurance premiums or have the church withhold the premiums from your salary, you receive no current deduction and any disability benefits paid under the policy are not taxable to you.

A third option is for the church to pay the disability premiums. But instead of treating the premiums as tax-free, the church treats the premiums as additional ministerial compensation. Benefits you receive under this option are tax-free.





A college costs deduction for itemizers and non-itemizers alike is available up to \$4,000. To take this deduction, the education need not be necessary for you to keep your position. The education can even qualify you for a new occupation.

While there are no specific dollar limits on educational expenses paid under a nonqualified reimbursement plan, the general ordinary and necessary business expense rules do apply. These types of payments may be discriminatory.

Though the education may lead to a degree, expenses may be deductible or reimbursable if the education:

- □ is required by your church to keep your salary, status, or job (and serves a business purpose of your church), or
- □ maintains or improves skills required in your present employment.

Even though the above requirements are met, expenses do not qualify if the education is:

- □ required to meet the minimum educational requirements of your present work, or
- □ part of a program of study that will qualify you for a new occupation.

Entertainment expenses. Ministers may deduct ministry-related entertainment expenses. Entertainment expenses must be directly related to or associated with the work of the church. Entertainment expenses are not deductible if they are lavish or extravagant.

If business meal and entertainment expenses are not reimbursed under an accountable plan, only 50% of the expenses are deductible. If the church reimburses the expenses, a 100% reimbursement may be made.

Flexible spending account (FSA). "Cafeteria" (called cafeteria plans because a person can choose among several benefit options) or FSAs are plans used to reimburse the employee for certain personal expenses. They are provided by employers to pre-fund dependent care, medical, or dental expenses (often called a healthcare flexible spending account) in pre-tax dollars.

A cafeteria or flexible spending plan cannot discriminate in favor of highly compensated participants for contributions, benefits, or eligibility to participate in the plan. While only larger churches generally offer cafeteria plans because of plan complexity and cost, many churches could feasibly offer an FSA.

The money is the account holder's to use during the plan year. Ultimately the employer owns the account and any unused balance at the end of the plan year or any administrative grace period is forfeited to the employer.

An administrative grace period may be adopted as a way to provide relief without running afoul of the prohibition on deferred compensation. Under this provision, employees are permitted a grace period of $2\frac{1}{2}$ months immediately following the end of the plan year.

Expenses for qualified benefits incurred during the grace period may be paid or reimbursed from benefits or contributions remaining unused at the end of the plan year. There is also the option of rolling over any unused FSA dollars into the next plan year, but this option is subject to a \$500 limit.

▶ Health insurance. If the church pays a minister-employee's qualified group health insurance premiums directly to the insurance carrier, the premiums are tax-free to the minister. However, if similar payments are made for a minister whom the church considers to be self-employed for income tax purposes, the payments represent additional taxable income.



Consult with your ministry's professional tax advisors before reimbursing medical expenses for employees. Under changes brought by the Affordable Care Act, non-compliant reimbursements may result in penalties of \$100 per employee per day.

► Health savings account (HSA). HSAs are individual, portable, tax-free, interest-bearing accounts (typically held by a bank or insurance company) through which individuals with a high-deductible health plan (HDHP) save for medical expenses. The purpose of an HSA is to pay what basic coverage would ordinarily pay.

Within limits, HSA contributions made by employers are excludable from income tax and social security wages and do not affect the computation of the earned income credit. HSA contributions may not be funded through salary reduction. Earnings on amounts in an HSA are not currently taxable, and HSA distributions used to pay for medical expenses are not taxable.

Funding of an HSA by the employer may fluctuate from one month to the next. This is unlike a cafeteria or flexible spending account, under which changes in contributions are generally only available on each January 1.

Only employees who are enrolled in qualifying high-deductible plans may participate in an HSA. A state high-risk health insurance plan (high-risk pool) qualifies as an HDHP if it does not pay benefits below the minimum annual deductible under the HSA rules.

HSA withdrawals do not qualify to cover over-the-counter medications (other than insulin or doctor-prescribed medicine). Additionally, the excise tax for nonqualified HSA withdrawals (withdrawals not used for qualified medical expenses) increased from 10 to 20%.

- ▶ Life insurance/group-term. If the group life coverage provided under a nondiscriminatory plan does not exceed \$50,000 for ministers, the life insurance premiums are generally tax-free to minister-employees. Group-term life insurance coverage of more than \$50,000 provided to a minister by the church is taxable under somewhat favorable IRS tables.
- ▶ **Rabbi Trust.** Rabbi Trusts are used by some churches to "fund" nonqualified 457 deferred compensation plans. Churches make cash contributions to the trust to fund their future obligation to pay deferred compensation benefits. The funds contributed are tax deferred in a similar manner to other tax deferred vehicles such as a 403(b) plan. The name "Rabbi Trust" was established because the first IRS letter ruling with respect to this type of trust involved a rabbi. However, the Rabbi Trust is now widely utilized in commercial enterprises and nonprofit organizations.

In some instances, depending on a participant's includable income (generally, includable income is a participant's salary without including parsonage), churches can make contributions that exceed the IRS maximum annual contribution limits for a 403(b) plan.

Social security tax reimbursement. Churches commonly reimburse ministers for a portion or all of their self-employment social security (SECA) tax liability. Any social security reimbursement must be reported as taxable income.

Because of the deductibility of the self-employment tax in both the income tax and selfemployment tax computations, a full reimbursement is effectively less than the gross 15.3% rate:

Your Marginal <u>Tax Rate</u>	Effective SECA Rate
0%	14.13%
10	13.42
15	13.07
27	12.22
30	12.01

Tuition and fee discounts. If you are an employee of a churchoperated elementary, secondary, or undergraduate institution, certain tuition and fee discounts provided to a minister, spouse, or dependent children are generally tax-free. The discounts must be nondiscriminatory and relate to an educational program.

If you are employed by the church and not by the church-related or church-operated private school, any tuition and fee discounts that you receive are taxable income.

> Vehicles/personal use of church-owned vehicle. The personal use of a church-provided vehicle is considered a taxable fringe benefit. The fair market value of the personal use must be

included in the minister's gross income, unless the full value is reimbursed to the church.





Reporting Compensation, Fringe Benefits, and Reimbursements for Income Tax Purposes*

Explanation	Minister-Employee	
Bonus or gift from the church	Taxable income/Form W-2	
Business and professional expenses reimbursed with adequate accounting	Tax-free/excluded	
Business and professional expense payments without adequate accounting	Deduction on Schedule A, Miscellaneous Deductions. Subject to 2% of AGI and 50% meals and entertainment limits	
Club dues paid by the church	Taxable income/Form W-2 (exception for dues for civic and public service groups)	
Compensation reported to the minister by the church	Form W-2	
Dependent care assistance payments	Tax-free, subject to limitations	
Earned income tax credit (EITC)	May be eligible for EITC	
Educational assistance programs	May be eligible to exclude up to \$5,250 of qualified assistance	
401(k) plan	Eligible for 401(k)	
403(b) tax-sheltered annuity	Eligible for 403(b)	
Gifts/personal (not handled through the church)	Tax-free/excluded	
Health Savings Account	Tax-free, if plan is properly established	
Healthcare flexible spending account	Tax-free, if plan is properly established	
Housing allowance	Excludable, subject to limitations	
IRA payments by church	Taxable income/Form W-2, may be deducted on Form 1040, line 32	
Insurance, disability, paid by minister; minister is beneficiary	Premiums paid after tax; proceeds are tax-free	
Insurance, disability paid by church; minister is beneficiary	Premiums are tax-free; proceeds are taxable	
Insurance, group-term life paid by church	First \$50,000 of coverage is tax-free, if plan is properly established	
* Many of these compensation elements are conditioned on plan	ns being properly established and subject to annual limits.	

Explanation	Minister-Employee
Insurance, health premiums	Tax-free, if directly paid by church as part of a qualifying group plan. If paid by minister and not reimbursed by church, deduct on Schedule A
Insurance, life, whole or universal, church is beneficiary	Tax-free/excluded
Insurance, life, whole or universal, minister designates beneficiary	Taxable income/Form W-2
Insurance, long-term care	Tax-free if directly paid by the church or reimbursed to minister on substantiation. If paid by minister and not reimbursed by church, deduct on Schedule A subject to limitations
Loans, certain low-interest or interest-free loans over \$10,000 to ministers	Imputed (the difference between the IRS-established interest rate and the rate charged) interest is taxable income/Form W-2
Moving expenses paid by the church (only applies to certain qualified expenses)	Tax-free if directly paid by the church or reimbursed to minister on substantiation. Reported on Form W-2, Box 12, using Code P
Pension payments by the church to a denominational plan for minister	Tax-deferred. No reporting required until the funds are withdrawn by minister or pension benefits are paid
Per diem payments for meals, lodging, and incidental expenses	May be used for travel away from home under an accountable reimbursement plan
Professional income (weddings, funerals)	Taxable income/Schedule C (C-EZ)
Property transferred to minister at no cost or less than fair market value	Taxable income/Form W-2
Retirement or farewell gift to minister from church	Taxable income/Form W-2
Salary from church	Report salary on page 1, Form 1040
Social security reimbursed by church to minister	Taxable income/Form W-2
Travel paid for minister's spouse by the church	May be tax-free if there is a business purpose
Tuition and fee discounts	May be tax-free in certain situations
Value of home provided to minister	Tax-free/excluded, subject to limitations
Vehicles/personal use of church-owned automobile	Taxable income/Form W-2
Voluntary withholding	Eligible for voluntary withholding agreement

How Much Are They Worth?

Most ministers spend several thousands of dollars each year on church-related business expenses. For example, the ministry-related portion of auto expenses is often a major cost.

Business and professional expenses fall into three basic categories: expenses reimbursed under an accountable plan, expenses paid under a nonaccountable plan, and unreimbursed expenses. The last two categories are treated the same for tax purposes. You will almost always save tax dollars if your expenses are reimbursed.

The reimbursement of an expense never changes the character of the item from personal to business. Business expenses are business whether or not they are reimbursed. Personal expenses are always nondeductible and nonreimbursable. If a personal expense is inadvertently reimbursed by the church, ministers should immediately refund the money to the church.

To be deductible or reimbursable, a business expense must be both

ordinary and necessary. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your field. An expense does not have to be indispensable to be considered necessary.

• Accountable and Nonaccountable Expense Reimbursement Plans

An accountable plan is a reimbursement or expense allowance arrangement established by your church that requires (1) a business purpose for the expenses, (2) substantiation of the expenses to the church, and (3) the return of any excess reimbursements.

The substantiation of expenses and return of excess reimbursements must be handled within a reasonable time. The following methods meet the "reasonable time" definition:

> The fixed date method applies if:

- □ an advance is made within 30 days of when an expense is paid or incurred;
- an expense is substantiated to the church within 60 days after the expense is paid or incurred; and
- any excess amount is returned to the church within 120 days after the expense is paid or incurred.

> The periodic statement method applies if:

- □ the church provides employees with a periodic statement that sets forth the amount paid that is more than substantiated expenses under the arrangement;
- □ the statements are provided at least quarterly;
- □ the church requests that ministers provide substantiation for any additional expenses that have not yet been substantiated and/or return any amounts remaining unsubstantiated within 120 days of the statement.

If you substantiate your business expenses to the church and any unused payments are returned, expense reimbursements have no impact on your taxes. The expenses reimbursed are not included on Form W-2 or deducted on your tax return.



Combining an accountable expense reimbursement plan with a housing allowance or health reimbursement arrangement (or any other fringe benefit plan) is not permissible. These concepts are each covered under separate sections of the tax law and cannot be commingled. The IRS disallows deductions for a portion of unreimbursed business expenses on the premise that the expenses can be allocated to your tax-exempt housing allowance (see page 29). This is another reason that all ministers should comply with the accountable expense reimbursement rules. The goal should be to eliminate all unreimbursed business expenses.

Nonaccountable Expense Reimbursement Plans

If you do not substantiate your business expenses to the church, or if the amount of the reimbursement exceeds your actual expenses and the excess is not returned to the church within a reasonable period, your tax life becomes more complicated. Nonaccountable reimbursements and excess reimbursements over IRS mileage or per diem limits must be included in your gross income and reported as wages on Form W-2.

Unreimbursed expenses or expenses reimbursed under a nonaccountable plan can be deducted only as itemized miscellaneous deductions and only to the extent that they, with your other miscellaneous deductions, exceed 2% of your adjusted gross income. Unreimbursed expenses are not deductible if you are an employee for income tax purposes and do not itemize.

If your church pays you an "allowance" for business expenses, it represents taxable compensation. The term "allowance" implies that the payment is not based upon documented expenses, does not meet the adequate accounting requirements for an accountable plan, and must be included in your income.

Documenting Business Expenses

For expenses to be allowed as deductions, you must show that you spent the money and that you spent it for a legitimate business reason. To prove that you spent the money, you generally need to provide documentary evidence that can be confirmed by a third party. Canceled checks, credit card statements, or other receipts are an excellent starting point. To the IRS, third-party verification is important; if business expenses are paid in cash, be sure to get a receipt.

Documenting a business expense can be time-consuming. The IRS is satisfied if you note the five Ws on the back of your credit card slip or other receipt:

- ▶ Why (business purpose)
- > What (description, including itemized accounting of cost)
- ▶ When (date)
- ▶ Where (location)
- Who (names of those for whom the expense was incurred; e.g., meals and entertainment)

The only exception to the documentation rules is if your individual outlays for business expenses, other than for lodging, come to less than \$75. The IRS does not require receipts for such expenses, although the five Ws are still required. You always need a receipt for lodging expenses regardless of the amount. A church may apply a documentation threshold lower than \$75.



Remember

Warning

"allowances." These payments accom-

stewardship. "Allowances" are fully taxable for income and social security

tax purposes. Ministers must then

limited by the tax law-instead of

receiving a full reimbursement.

resort to trying to deduct their expenses—much of which will be

Many ministers are paid expense

plish nothing in terms of good

When ministers provide a listing of business expenses to the church or other employer—this is only a report, not documentation. Documentary evidence is much more than a report. It involves a hard-copy support of the five Ws (why, what, when, where, and who).



• Auto Expense Deductions

A minister's car expenses are deductible or reimbursable to the extent they are for business (or income producing) rather than personal use. Generally, only those expenses that are necessary to drive and maintain a car that is used to go from one workplace to another are deductible.

Mileage and Actual Expense Methods

In determining your deduction for the business use of a personal car, you can use one of two methods to figure your deduction: the standard mileage rate or the actual expense method. Generally, you can choose the method that gives you the greater deduction.

Standard Mileage Rate Method

If your church pays you a fixed mileage rate up to the IRS standard rate (see page 6 for rates) and you provide the church with the time, place, and business purpose of your driving, you have made an adequate accounting of your automobile expenses.

If the church does not reimburse you for auto expenses or reimburses you under a nonaccountable plan, you may deduct business miles on Form 2106 (2106-EZ). The total from Form 2106 (2106-EZ) is carried to Schedule A, Miscellaneous Deductions.

The standard mileage rate, which includes depreciation and maintenance costs, is based on the government's estimate of the average cost of operating an automobile. Depending upon the make, age, and cost of the car, the mileage rate may be more or less than your actual auto expense. If you use the mileage rate, you also may deduct parking fees, tolls, and the business portion of the personal property tax. All autorelated taxes must be claimed on Schedule A for employees.

Remember

The standard mileage rate may generate a lower deduction than using actual expenses in some instances. But the simplicity of the standard mileage method is a very compelling feature.

Actual Expense Method

If you keep accurate records, determining your deduction for most expenses should be straightforward. Generally, the amount of depreciation you may claim and the method you use to calculate it depend on when you purchased your automobile and began to use it for ministerial purposes.

Under the actual expense method, you can use either accelerated depreciation or straight-line depreciation. As the names imply, the accelerated method front-loads the depreciation, giving you larger deductions sooner. The straight-line method gives you the same depreciation deduction every year.

Allowable expenses under the actual expense method include: gas and oil, interest on an auto loan, repairs, lease payments, tires, automobile club membership, batteries, car washes and waxes, insurance, license plates, parking fees and tolls, and supplies, such as antifreeze.

Commuting

Personal mileage is never deductible. Commuting expenses are nondeductible personal expenses.



You have an important decision to make the first year you put a car into service. You will generally want to use the standard mileage rate in that first year. If you do not use the standard mileage rate in the first year, you may not use it for that car in any year. Unless your home-office qualifies as a home-office under tax law, travel from home to the church (a regular work location) and return for church and other work at the church is commuting and is not deductible or reimbursable. The same rule applies to multiple trips made in the same day. The cost of traveling between your home and a temporary work location is generally deductible or reimbursable. Once you arrive at the first work location, temporary or regular, you may deduct trips between work locations.

A regular place of business is any location at which you work or perform services on a regular basis. These services may be performed every week, for example, or merely on a set schedule.

A temporary place of business is any location at which you perform services on an irregular or short-term (i.e., generally a matter of days or weeks) basis.

Documentation of Auto Expense

To support your automobile expense deduction or reimbursement, automobile expenses must be substantiated by adequate records. A weekly or monthly mileage log that identifies dates, destinations, business purposes, and odometer readings in order to allocate total mileage between business and personal use is a basic necessity if you use the mileage method. If you use the actual expense method, a mileage log and supporting documentation on expenses are required.



For your records to withstand an IRS audit, use a daily mileage log to document business vs. personal mileage. Whether you keep a notepad in the car or track the data in a PDA, some type of log is the best approach to submitting data for reimbursement from your church or taking a tax deduction.

Per diem allowance

The IRS provides per diem allowances under which the amount of away-from-home meals and lodging expenses may be substantiated. These rates may not be used to claim deductions for unreimbursed expenses and may not be used to reimburse volunteers. Higher per diem rates apply to certain locations annually identified by the IRS. For more information on these rules, see IRS Publication 1542.

• Other Business and Professional Expenses

Business Gifts

You can deduct up to \$25 per donee for business gifts to any number of individuals every year. Incidental costs, such as for engraving, gift wrapping, insurance, and mailing do not need to be included in determining whether the \$25 limit has been exceeded.

The gifts must be related to your ministry. Gifts to church staff or board members would generally be deductible, subject to the \$25 limit. Wedding and graduation gifts generally do not qualify as business expenses.

Entertainment

Meal and entertainment expenses are deductible or reimbursable if they are ordinary and necessary and are either directly related to or associated with your ministerial responsibilities.

Personal Computers

Personal computers you own and use more than 50% for ministry may be depreciated (or reimbursed) as five-year recovery property or deducted (but not reimbursed). The business portion of depreciation may be reimbursed under an accountable expense reimbursement plan if the 50% business "convenience of the employer (church)" and "condition of employment" tests are met.

If a computer is provided by the church in the church office but you prefer to work at home on your personal computer, it is not being used for the church's convenience. If you meet the "convenience of the church" and "condition of employment" tests but do not use your computer (and related equipment) more than 50% of the time for your work, you must depreciate these items using the straight-line method and you cannot take the Section 179 write-off. If you qualify under the home-office rules, the 50% test does not apply to you.

Adequate records of the business use of your computer should be maintained to substantiate your deductions.

Subscriptions and Books



If ministers purchase a computer and use it primarily for church work and meet the "condition" and "convenience" tests, only the depreciation on the business portion of the computer can be reimbursed by the church, not the entire cost of the business portion, based on the Section 179 first-year write-off rules.

Subscriptions to minister-related periodicals are deductible. If the information in a news magazine relates to your ministerial preparation, that periodical may qualify for a deduction.

The cost of books related to your ministry with a useful life of one year or less may be deducted. The cost of books with a useful life of more than one year may be depreciated over the useful life.

Telephone

You may not deduct, as a business expense, any of the basic local service charges (including taxes) for the first telephone line into your home. Ministry-related long distance calls, a second line, special equipment, and services used for business are deductible. If you are out of town on a business trip, the IRS generally will not challenge a reasonable number of calls home. Although your basic local telephone service (including taxes) for the first telephone line into your home is not deductible for tax purposes, it is includible as a housing expense for housing allowance purposes.

Telephone/Cellular

The IRS treats the value of a church-provided cell phone and similar telecommunications equipment (including the value of any personal use by the employee) as excludible from the employee's income as long as the cell phone is provided to the employee primarily for a non-compensatory business reason (such as the employer's need to contact the employee at all times for work-related emergencies). Providing a cell phone to promote morale or goodwill, to attract a prospective employee, or to furnish additional compensation to an employee is evidence that there is no noncompensatory business reason.

Church staff may be reimbursed for the business use of a cell phone but the church should probably require the employee to submit a copy of the monthly bill and evidence that the bill has been paid.

If a church does not have a substantial noncompensatory business reason for providing a cell phone to an employee, or reimbursing the employee for business use of his or her personal cell phone, the value of the use of the phone, or the amount of the reimbursement is



If a church provides a cell phone to an employee primarily for a noncompensatory business reason, the value of the cell phone is excludible from the employee's income. includible in gross income, reportable on Forms 941 and W-2, and for lay employees is subject to federal and state employment tax withholding.

• Allocation of Business Expenses

If you receive a rental or parsonage allowance that is tax-free, you must allocate the expenses of operating your ministry (this is commonly referred to as the "Deason Rule"). You cannot deduct expenses that are allocable to your tax-free rental or parsonage allowance. This rule does not apply to your deductions for home mortgage interest or real estate taxes. See examples on pages 43 and 61.

This limitation requires the following calculation:

1.	Amount of tax-exempt income (the fair rental value of a church-provided parsonage and the housing allowance excluded from gross income; this may be less than the church-designated housing allowance)	\$
2.	Total income from ministry:	
	Salary (including the fair rental value of a church-provided parsonage and the housing allowance excluded from gross income)FeesAllowances (nonaccountable plan)	\$
3.	Divide line 1 amount by line 2 amount = % of nontaxable income.	%
4.	Total unreimbursed business and professional expenses, less 50% of meals and entertainment expenses.	\$
5.	Multiply line 4 total by line 3 percentage (these are non- deductible expenses allocable to tax-exempt income).	\$
6.	Subtract line 5 amount from line 4 amount (these are deductible expenses for federal income tax purposes on Form 2106 [2106-EZ] or Schedule C [C-EZ]).	\$

Though not required, churches should offer to withhold federal (and state and local, where applicable) income

taxes (never FICA taxes!) from ministe-

means saving up money for the 4/15,

6/15, 9/15, and 1/15 deadlines. Withholding the proper amount each week

or payday is so much more

efficient.

rial pay. Filing Forms 1040-ES often

Income Taxes

The federal income tax is a pay-as-you-go tax. You must pay the tax as you earn or receive income during the year. Employees usually have income tax withheld from their pay. However, the pay of a qualified minister is not subject to federal income tax withholding. Ministers who are employees for income tax purposes may enter into a voluntary withholding agreement with the church to cover any income tax and self-employment social security tax that are due. IRS Publication 505 provides additional information on tax withholding and estimated taxes.

• Tax Withholding

Churches are not required to withhold income taxes from wages paid to ministers for services performed in the exercise of their ministry. The exemption does not apply to nonministerial church employees such as a secretary, organist, or custodian.

Minister-employees may have a voluntary withholding agreement with the employing church to cover income taxes (the amount may be set high enough to also cover the self-employment social security tax

liability). Ministers need only file Form W-4 with the church to establish a voluntary withholding arrangement.

Estimated Tax

Estimated tax is the method used to pay income and self-employment taxes for income that is not subject to withholding. Your estimated tax is your expected tax for the year minus your expected withholding and credits.

If you are filing a declaration of estimated tax, complete the quarterly Forms 1040-ES. If 2016 estimated taxes are \$1,000 or less, no declaration of estimated tax is required.

If your estimated tax payments for 2017 equal 90% of the 2016 tax liability, you will generally avoid underpayment penalties. An option is to make the 2017 estimated tax payments equal 100% of your 2016 federal and social security taxes (Form 1040, page 2, line 61). This method generally avoids underpayment penalties and is easier to calculate.

rithholding te the quarterly or less, no When using the estimated tax method of submitting income and social security tax money to the IRS, pay at least as much as your previous year's total taxes (before offsetting withholding, esti-

(before offsetting withholding, estimated tax payments, etc.). Spread the payments equally over the four Forms 1040-ES. This will generally avoid underpayment penalties.

In estimating 2017 taxes, net earnings from self-employment should be reduced by 7.65% before calculating the self-employment tax of 15.3%. There also is an income tax deduction for one-half of your self-employment tax (Form 1040, page 1, line 27).

You pay one-fourth of your total estimated taxes in installments as follows:

For the PeriodDue DateJan. 1 - Mar. 31April 15April 1 - May 31June 15June 1 - Aug. 31September 15Sept. 1 - Dec. 31January 15



30

Social Security Taxes

Social security taxes are collected under two systems. Under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), the employer pays one-half of the tax and the employee pays the other half. Under the Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA), the self-employed person pays all the tax (selfemployment tax) as calculated on the taxpayer's Schedule SE.

Compensation received by ministers for services performed in the exercise of ministry is self-employment income and is always subject to self-employment tax (SECA). Ministerial income is exempt from SECA only if you have opted out of social security. Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) social security tax should *never* be withheld from the compensation of qualified ministers.

Opting Out of Social Security Taxes

All ministers are automatically covered by social security (SECA) for services in the exercise of ministry, unless an exemption has been received based on the filing with and approval by the IRS of Form 4361. You must certify that you oppose, either conscientiously or because of religious principles, the *acceptance* of any public insurance (with respect to services performed as a minister), including social security coverage. This includes an opposition to insurance that helps pay for or provides services for medical care (such as Medicare) and social security benefits. Your opinion of the financial stability of the social security program is not a valid basis to file for exemption.

Deadline for Filing for an Exemption

The application for exemption from self-employment tax must be filed by the date your tax return is due, including extensions, for the second year in which you had net ministerial income of \$400 or more. These do not have to be consecutive tax years.

Computing the Self-Employment Tax

The following tax rates apply to net earnings from self-employment

of \$400 or more each year:

<u>Tax Rate</u>		Maximum Earnings Base		
Year	<u>OASDI</u>	<u>Medicare</u>	OASDI	Medicare
2015	12.4%	2.9%	\$118,500	no limit
2016	12.4%	2.9%	118,500	no limit
2017	12.4%	2.9%	127,200	no limit

OASDI = Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance, or social security

Self-Employment Tax Deductions

You can take an income tax deduction equal to one-half of your self-

employment tax liability. The deduction is claimed against gross income on line 27 of Form 1040, page 1. You may also deduct a portion of your self-employment tax liability in calculating your selfemployment tax. This deduction is made on Schedule SE, Section A, line 4 or Section B, line 4a, by multiplying self-employment income by .9235. The purpose of these deductions is to equalize the social security (and income) taxes paid by (and for) employees and self-employed persons with equivalent income.



is true even if the minister is retired and receiving social security benefits. There is no age limit on paying social security

tax.



Warning

Opting out of social security is relatively simple. Form 4361 must be filed by the due date of the tax return for the second year with \$400 or more, any portion of which comes from the exercise of ministry. But the simplicity of opting out should not be confused with the significant difficulty of complying with the requirements for opting out.

Line by Line

Form 1040

There are two short forms; the 51-line 1040A and the super-short, 14-line 1040EZ. Generally, ministers should use the 79-line Form 1040 instead. It accommodates every minister, and there's no penalty for leaving some of the lines blank. Besides, going down the 1040 line by line may jog your memory about money you received or spent in 2016. (Line numbers noted refer to the 1040 and related schedules.)

• Filing status (lines 1 to 5). Line 2: If your spouse died in 2016, you can still file jointly and take advantage of tax rates that would be lower than if you were to file as a single person or as a head of household.

Line 3: If you're married and live in a separate-property state, compute your tax two ways—jointly and separately. Then, file the return resulting in the lower tax.

Line 4: If you're single, you may qualify as head of household if you provided a home for someone else—like your parent. Filing as head of household rather than as a single person can save you a bundle on taxes.

Line 5: If your spouse died in 2014 or 2015 and you have a dependent child, you can also benefit from joint-return rates as a qualifying widow(er).

- Exemptions (lines 6a to 6d). Remember to include a social security number for any dependent who was at least one year old on December 31, 2016. If your child does not have one, obtain Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Number, at http://www.ssa.gov/online/ssa-5.html. If you are unable to secure the social security number before the filing deadline, file for an extension of time to file.
- Income (lines 7 to 22). Line 7: If your employer considered you an employee for income tax purposes, you should receive Form W-2 from the employer. The total amount of your taxable wages is shown in Box 1 of Form W-2; attach Copy B of your W-2 to your Form 1040. Include the data from other W-2s you

or your spouse received on this line. If the employer erroneously included your housing allowance in Box 1, Form W-2, ask the church to reissue a corrected Form W-2.

If your cash housing allowance designated and paid by the employer exceeds the lowest of (1) reasonable compensation, (2) the amount used to provide a home from current ministerial income, (3) the amount properly designated by the employer, or (4) the fair rental value of the home including utilities and furnishings, enter the difference on line 7.

Line 8a: Include as taxable-interest income the total amount of what you earned on savings accounts, certificates of deposit, credit union accounts, corporate bonds and corporate bond mutual funds, U.S. treasuries and U.S. government mutual funds, and interest paid to you for a belated federal or state tax refund (whether or not you have received a Form 1099-INT). If you haven't yet received any of the statements due to you, of Form W-2. ded your housing

Filing Tip

Form 1040, Line 7. All compensation

from Forms W-2 is reported on line 7.

Be sure your church has not included

the housing allowance amount in Box 1

Filing Tip

Form 1040, Line 7. If the housing allowance designated by the employer exceeds the housing allowance exclusion to which you are entitled, you must include the difference on line 7 with a description "Excess housing allowance." Your exclusion is limited by the lower of the fair rental value of a minister-provided home or your actual housing expenses. call the issuer to get them. If you received more than \$1,500 of taxable interest income in 2015, you must also complete Schedule B.

Line 8b: Here's where you note any tax-exempt interest from municipal bond funds. Don't worry—that income is not taxable. However, social security recipients must count all their tax-exempt interest when computing how much of their social security benefits will be taxable.

Line 9a: Enter as dividend income only ordinary dividends, not capital-gains dividends paid by mutual funds, which are reported on Schedule D. Your Form 1099-DIV statements show the amount and type of ordinary dividends you received in 2016. If you received more than \$1,500 in dividend income in 2016, you

must also complete Schedule B. Remember: Earnings from a money-market mutual fund are considered dividend income, not interest income.

Line 10: If you received a refund of a state or local tax in 2016 that you deducted on Schedule A in a prior year, include the refund here.

Line 12: Even when you file as an employee for income tax purposes, you will probably have some honoraria or fee income from speaking engagements, weddings, funerals, and so on. This income, less related expenses (see pages 41 and 50), should be reported on Schedule C or C-EZ and entered on this line.

Line 13: Enter capital-gains dividends here if you had no other capital gains or losses in 2016.

Line 15a: Report as IRA distributions even amounts you rolled over tax-free in 2016 from one IRA into another. On line 15b, you

will report as taxable the amount of any IRA distributions that you did not roll over minus any return of nondeductible contributions.

Line 16a: It's likely that only a portion of the total pensions and annuities you received is taxable. Your Form 1099-R will show the taxable amount, which you enter on line 16b. If you received pensions and annuities from a denominationally sponsored plan, you may be eligible to exclude a portion or all of these payments as a housing allowance.

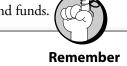
Line 20a: No more than 85% of your social security benefits can be taxed for 2016 and none at all if your provisional income is below \$32,000 on a joint return, or \$25,000 for singles. If your income doesn't exceed the threshold, leave this line blank. If it does, use the worksheet on Form 1099-SSA to compute taxes on your benefits.

• Adjustments to income (lines 23 to 37). Line 25: Health savings account deduction. Contributions made by a taxpayer to a health savings account (HSA) up to \$3,350 for an individual plan and up to \$6,750 for a family plan are deductible on this line. Individuals who have reached age 55 by the end of the tax year are allowed to increase their annual contribution for years after 2016.

Line 26: If your employer paid directly or reimbursed you for your qualified moving costs incurred in 2016, these amounts would not be included as compensation on your Form W-2. Therefore, you would have no moving expenses to deduct on line 26. However, if part or all of your moving costs were not paid directly or reimbursed, deduct these expenses here.

Filing Tip

Form 1040, Line 12. The only ministerial income that should be reported on line 12 is fees from weddings, funerals, speaking engagements, and similar income. Unreimbursed expenses related to this income should be deducted on Schedule C or Schedule C-EZ.



Most ministers do not have to file a

need to be reported on Form 1040.

separate schedule if interest or dividend

income is \$1,500 or less. Only the totals

Line 27: One-half of your social security tax that is deductible for income tax purposes is reflected on this line. This number comes from Schedule SE, Section A, line 6 or Section B, line 13.

Line 33: Interest paid on a qualifying student loan may be deducted on this line.

Line 36: If you are employed as a chaplain or any other minister-employee of a nonreligious organization, use this line for your deduction of 403(b) contributions that you sent directly to the plan. On the dotted line next to line 36, enter the amount of your deduction and identify it as indicated.

• Tax computation (lines 38 to 56). Line 40: Claim the standard deduction only if the amount exceeds what you could write off in itemizing expenses on Schedule A. For 2016, the standard deduction is \$12,600 joint, \$9,300 head of household, and \$6,300 single. The amounts are higher if you or your spouse is 65 or older or legally blind.

Line 52: Taxpayers with adjusted gross income of \$50,000 or less may claim a credit on this line equal to a certain percentage of the employee contributions made to a retirement account or IRA (must complete Form 8880).

Filing Tip Form 1040, Line 54. If you made contributions to a 403(b) or 401(k) plan, and your adjusted gross income was \$50,000 or less, you may be eligible for this credit. The credit is also available for contributions to either a traditional or a Roth IRA. The excluded portion of minister's housing does not reduce this credit.

• Other taxes (lines 57 to 63). Line 57: If you are a qualified minister (see pages 7–8) and have not opted out of social security, you are self-employed for social security tax purposes. Your social security is not withheld by your church but is calculated on Schedule SE if you had net earnings of \$400 or more and paid with Form 1040. The tax is 15.3% of the first \$118,500 of 2016 self-employment income and 2.95% of income above \$118,500. If your total wages and self-employment earnings were less than \$118,500, you can probably save time and headaches by filing the Short Schedule SE on the front of the SE form.

Line 59: You will owe the tax on qualified plans plus the 10% penalty on the amount you withdrew from your IRA or another retirement plan if you were under 59½, unless you meet certain exceptions.

• **Payments (lines 64 to 74). Line 64:** Did you have a voluntary withholding arrangement whereby your employing church withheld federal income tax from your compensation? Then show the amount of federal income tax the church withheld (from your W-2, Box 2) along with other federal income tax withholding from other employment of you or your spouse here. Also include tax withheld on your W-2G and other Forms 1099 and W-2. The amount withheld should be shown in Box 2 of Form W-2G, in Box 6 of Form 1099-SSA, and Box 4 of other Forms 1099.

Line 65: Don't get confused: Even though you made your fourth-quarter 2016 estimated tax payment in January 2017, it's counted on your 2016 return.

Line 66a: Enter your earned income tax credit here or let the IRS calculate it for you. If you have a qualifying child, you must complete Schedule EIC.

• **Refund or amount you owe (lines 75 to 79). Line 79:** The IRS assumes you must pay the estimated tax penalty if you owe \$1,000 or more beyond what you've paid through withholding or estimated tax and the amount due is more than 110% of your 2015 tax bill. You may qualify for one of several exceptions, however. Use Form 2210 to prove your case.

Schedule A (Itemized Deductions)

If you live in church-provided housing, you often cannot itemize. However, you can work through Schedule A just to see whether you might have more write-offs than the standard deduction will permit.

- Medical and dental expenses (lines 1 to 4). Don't overlook the cost of getting to and from the doctor or druggist. Write off 19 cents per mile plus the cost of parking. If you didn't drive, deduct your bus, train, or taxi fares. The cost of trips to see out-of-town specialists and as much as \$50 a day for the cost of lodging when you're out of town to get medical care count toward the 7.5%. Include all your health insurance premiums, as well as Medicare Part B premiums for 2016.
- Taxes you paid (lines 5 to 9). Even though your real estate taxes are a housing expense excludable under the housing allowance, you may still deduct them (even for multiple properties if not deducted elsewhere on the return) on line 6 as an itemized deduction—one of the few "double deductions" allowed in the tax law.
- Interest you paid (lines 10 to 15). Line 10: If you bought a house during 2016, review your escrow or settlement papers for any mortgage interest you paid that was not shown on your lender's year-end statement. If you paid interest on a second mortgage or line of credit secured by your home, include the interest expense here.

As with real estate taxes, it is possible to deduct mortgage interest as an itemized deduction even if the interest is included in housing expenses subject to a housing allowance. Interest paid on a secured mortgage is deductible on Schedule A regardless of how the proceeds of the loan are used. However, the only mortgage interest properly includible as housing expense under a housing allowance is when the loan proceeds were used to provide housing. For example, interest on a second mortgage used to finance your child's college education is deductible on Schedule A but does not qualify as a housing expense for housing allowance purposes.

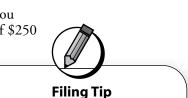
Don't overlook points you paid to get the mortgage. All of the

points are generally deductible as interest here. Points paid for a refinancing must be amortized over the life of the loan. However, you can deduct on your 2016 return the portion of all points paid that correspond with the percentage of your refinancing used for home improvements.

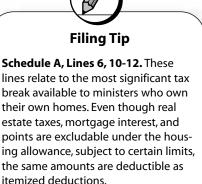
• Gifts to charity (lines 16 to 19). Line 16: For gifts you made in 2016, you must have written acknowledgments from the charity of any single gifts of \$250 or more and for all gifts of cash.

Line 17: Deduct your charitable mileage for any volunteer work at the rate of 14 cents a mile.

• Job expenses and other miscellaneous deductions (lines 21 to 27). Don't assume you can't surmount the 2% AGI floor on these miscellaneous deductions. A wealth of employee business, investment, and tax-related expenses— from job-hunting costs to tax preparation fees—are deductible here. And if you bought business equipment required by your employer and you were not reimbursed, you can write off its entire cost up to the 2016 limit. (However, see the allocation of expense rules, page 29, and examples on pages 43 and 61.)



Schedule A, Line 21. Since the deduction for meal and entertainment expense is limited on Form 2106, expenses claimed on lines 21 to 23 are reduced by 2% of your adjusted gross income, and the standard deduction may be advantageous for you. Using an accountable expense reimbursement plan to reduce or eliminate unreimbursed expenses is generally a wise move.



Sample Return No. 1

- Accountable expense reimbursement plan
- Minister owns residence
- Pays federal taxes through voluntary withholding
- Church reimbursed nonqualifying moving expenses

Minister considered to be an employee for income tax purposes with an accountable business expense plan.

The Browns live in a home they are personally purchasing. Pastor Brown has entered into a voluntary withholding agreement with the church, and \$12,000 of federal income taxes are withheld.

Income, Benefits, and Reimbursements:

Church salary	\$64,850
Christmas and other special occasion gifts paid by the church based on designed	
member-gifts to the church	750
Honoraria for performing weddings, funerals, and baptisms	650
Honorarium for speaking as an evangelist at another church	1,000
Mutual fund dividend income:	
Capital gain distributions	150
Ordinary	954
Interest income:	
Taxable	675
Tax-exempt	1,200
Reimbursement of self-employment tax	12,000

Business Expenses, Itemized Deductions, Housing, and Other Data:

100% of church-related expenses (including 9,412 business miles) paid personally were reimbursed by the church under an accountable expense plan, based on timely substantiation of the expenses.

- Housing fair rental value test applied
- 403(b) contribution by salary reduction and employer contributions
- Application of Deason Rule

Expenses related to honoraria income:		
Parking	\$	25
Travel –		
920 x 54¢ per mile		497
Meals and entertainment		50
Other		200
Potential itemized deductions:		
Unreimbursed doctors, dentists, and drugs	1	1,500
State and local income taxes:		
2015 taxes paid in 2016		400
Withheld from salary	1	,600
Real estate taxes on home	1	,000
Home mortgage interest	14	í,8 50
Cash contributions	8	3,200
Noncash contributions – household		
furniture/fair market value		266
Tax preparation fee		200
Student loan interest	1	1,906
Housing data:		
Designation	20	5,000
Actual expenses	25	5,625
Fair rental value including utilities	25	5,000
403(b) pre-tax contributions for Pastor Brown:		
Voluntary employee contributions made		
under a salary reduction agreement		500
Nonvoluntary employer contributions	2	2,000
Moving expenses reimbursed under a		
nonqualified plan (see page 45)	6	5,750

	31, 2016, or other tax year bagi			i	2016 ending	, 20			sparate instruction	15/05/5
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Filing Status	1 🗌 Single					ead of household (w	ah qualih	ying pers	or). (See instructio	ins.) If
101 G 128 7 9 29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	2 X Married filing j	000 A 2000 A 200 A	1001070000000000	Although 100 (1997) (1997)		ie qualifying person i	s a chid	but not y	iour dependent, en	der this
Check only one box.	 Married filing s and full name 		inter spous	e's SSN abo		hild's name here. 🕨 Jualitying widow(er	with de	neoder	tobild	_
MP50.	1991 AD 10 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	BARCIALICS	n claim vou	as a depen	dent, do not che	any too produce the subscript	, Millinger) 8	oxes checked	2
Exemptions	1525					1000 DR	1000		n 6a and 6b o. of children	_2
	c Dependents:			endent's utty number	(3) Dependent s relationship to you	(4) ✓ if chic und qualifying for child			n 6c who: lived with you	1
		st name Irown		3 9196	Son	(see instruct	ons)	- y	did not live with ou due to divorce	2
If more than four	chanes b	TOWIT	514 4.	5 5150	301			0	r separation see instructions)	
dependents, see instructions and								- D	ependents on 6c ot entered above	1
check here								112	dd numbers on	
	d Total number of	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	CONTRACTOR CARLES		and the second	All	000	2 (1 6	nes above 🕨	13
Income	 7 Wages, salaries, 8a Taxable interest 	Contraction of the second	영양 방송 고문화 영습		Excess Hous	ing Allow. \$1		7 8a	58,850 675	-
	b Tax-exempt inte			20년 21년 문화		1,200		ua	075	-
Attach Form(s)	9a Ordinary dividen				1.1.1.1	NG 1. 1. 1.	38 3	9a	954	
W-2 here. Also attach Forms	b Qualified dividen	ids	4 (4) (4) (96	954	í.			
W-2G and	10 Taxable refunds	gass-maarv	offsets of s	tate and loc	al income taxes	101 0 0 0		10		
1099-R if tax was withheld.	11 Alimony received				요 5년 5 5	200000	100 DH	11	1,120	-
	12 Business income 13 Capital gain or il				LZ . If not required, (rhack here		12	1,120	-
f you did not	14 Other gains or (h			0.000			_	14	1.50	1
get a W-2, see instructions.	15a IRA distributions				b Taxable	e amount	- E	5b		1
	16a Pensions and ann	VVVV			b Taxable			6b		-
		the distance of the	Carlos and			. Attach Schedule		17		1
	 Farm income or Unemployment (1			2,203,31,22	4004 (B) (#) (#)		19		0
	20a Social security be	Columnation of the second			b Taxable	amount	- Pro-	206		1
	21 Other income. L						and and a state of the second	21	00000000000	
-	and the second se				1000000	our total income		22	61,749	
Adjusted	23 Educator expens				23		-			
Gross	24 Certain business e fee-basis governm	2022/07/2022/07/07 10:00	1	5 Stort Unit 410 Sec. 1	ALCONDON TO A CONTRACTOR					
Income	25 Health savings a									
	26 Moving expense				the second se					
	27 Deductible part of	12224-212-2024			and the second se	5,988				
	28 Self-employed S		CC (12413) (24/25)		28					
	66 California Income Income Inc	eann msurai								
	29 Self-employed h 30 Penalty on early	withdrawal		HERE, SHOWING THE	31a					
	30 Penalty on early									
	30 Penalty on early	Recipient's	SSN .		32	201-202-82	100			
	30 Penalty on early 31a Alimony paid 32 IRA deduction 33 Student loan interview	Recipient's	SSN ▶ • • • ion • •		33	1,906				
	30 Penalty on early 31a Alimony paid 32 IRA deduction 33 Student loan inte 34 Tuition and fees.	Recipient's erest deduct Attach Forr	SSN ▶ ion n 8917 .		<u>33</u> 34	1,906				
	 30 Penalty on early 31a Alimony paid b 32 IRA deduction . 33 Student loan inte 34 Tuition and fees. 35 Domestic product 	Recipient's erest deduct Attach Forr	SSN ▶ ion n 8917 . deduction .	Attach Form	33 34 3903 35	and also		26	7 804	
	30 Penalty on early 31a Alimony paid 32 IRA deduction 33 Student loan inte 34 Tuition and fees.	Recipient's erest deduct Attach Forr ion activities ough 35	SSN ▶ ion n 8917 . deduction .	Attach Form	33 34 3903 35	and also		36	<u>7,894</u> 53,855	

tax and Credits Standard 44 Deduction 47 Or - 47 People who 46 theck any soc on line 48 plas or 39b or 44 vho can be 44 balamed as a 48 abe 41 single or 44 varied filing 48 variad filing 48 variad filing 44 variad filing 44 variad filing 50 variad filing 50	89a 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Amount from line 37 (adjusted gross income) Check Check You were born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Total if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Hend: if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. Hend: Subtract line 40 form Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see left Subtract line 40 from line 38 Standard deduction (see left Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more than line 41. Tax (see instructions). Check if any from: a Form (s) 8814 b Form 4972 Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 8261 Standard deduction (see left standard deduction) Standard standard deduction (see left standard deduction)	I boxes sked ▶ 39a sck here ▶ 39b⊡ ft margin) wise, see instructions , enter -0 o □	38 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	26,316 27,539 12,150 15,389 1,428
Tax and Credits Standard 4 Deduction 4 Deduction 4 People who 4 theck any box on line 4 198 or (39b or who can be claimed as a dependent, see 4 Single or Marriad filing 44 4 Single or Marriad filing 6,300 5 Marriad filing 5,300 5	_b 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10	if: Spouse was born before January 2, 1952, Blind. J check if your spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien, che Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see lef Subtract line 40 from line 38 Exemptions, if line 36 is \$155,650 or less, multiply \$4,050 by the number on line 6d. Other Taxable income. Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more than line 41. Tax (see instructions). Check if any from: Form(s) 8814 Form 4972 Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251 Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962 Add lines 44, 45, and 46 Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required	sked ▶ 39a ck here ▶ 39b ft margin) wise, see instructions , enter -0 • •	41 42 43 44 45 46	27,539 12,150 15,389
Standard Deduction Or- People who theck any theck any theck any theck any theorem of the people who can be there as a tapendent, the maturations. 41 others: 41 angle or Married filing texparately, 53,000 Married filing to the people of the	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 50	If your spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien, che Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see lef Subtract line 40 from line 38 	eck here ► 399⊡ ft margin) wise, see instructions , enter -0	41 42 43 44 45 46	27,539 12,150 15,389
Standard Deduction Or- People who theck any theck any theck any theck any theorem of the people who can be there as a tapendent, the maturations. 41 others: 41 angle or Married filing texparately, 53,000 Married filing to the people of the	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 50	Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see left Subtract line 40 from line 38 Exemptions. If ine 36 is \$155,650 or less, multiply \$4,050 by the number on line 6d. Other Taxable Income. Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more than line 41. Tax (see instructions). Check if any from: a Form(s) 8614 b Form 4972 Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251 Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962 Add lines 44, 45, and 46 Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required	ft margin)	41 42 43 44 45 46	27,539 12,150 15,389
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box on line 4 19a or 39b or 4 19a or 39b or 4 1aimed as a 4 appendent, 5 appendent, <td< td=""><td>14 15 16 17 18 19 50</td><td>Tax (see instructions). Check if any from: a Form(s) 8814 b Form 4972 Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251 . Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962 . Add lines 44, 45, and 46 . Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required .</td><td>° 🗆</td><td>44 45 46</td><td></td></td<>	14 15 16 17 18 19 50	Tax (see instructions). Check if any from: a Form(s) 8814 b Form 4972 Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251 . Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962 . Add lines 44, 45, and 46 . Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required .	° 🗆	44 45 46	
who can be claimed as a dependent, use netructions. All others: Single or Married filing 44 separately, 56,300 Married filing 50	15 16 17 18 19 50	Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251 . Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962 . Add lines 44, 45, and 46 . Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required .		45 46	1,428
Isimed as a 44 Jependent, se 44 All others: 44 Married filing 44 Agried filing 55 Married filing 55 Married filing 55	18 17 18 19	Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962 . Add lines 44, 45, and 46 . Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required .		46	
ee All others: Single or Warried filing \$6,300 Warried filing \$6,300 Married filing \$6,300 \$1,000 \$1,000	17 18 19 50	Add lines 44, 45, and 46	· · · · · ·		
All others: Single or Married filing (arried filing (b) 300 Married filing (b) 48 (b) 50 (c) 100 (c) 1	18 19 50	Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required 48		47	
Single or Married filing separately, \$6,300 Married filing sintly or	19 50			47	1,428
Married filing 48 veparately, \$6,300 59 Married filing 59 ointly or	50	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441 49			
6,300 P Married filing 5 ointly or				1	
Married filing 5'		Education credits from Form 8863, line 19 50		1	
cintly or	51	Retirement savings contributions credit. Attach Form 8880 51		1	
a company 1 D	52	Child tax credit. Attach Schedule 8812, if required 52	1.000	1	
vidow(er),	13	Residential energy credits. Attach Form 5695 53		1	
12,600 5		Other credits from Form: a 3800 b 8801 c 54		1	
nousehold, su		Add lines 48 through 54. These are your total credits		55	1,000
19,300 5		Subtract line 55 from line 47. If line 55 is more than line 47, enter -0-		56	428
5		Self-employment tax, Attach Schedule SE		57	11,975
			☐ 8919	58	11,275
other		Additional tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc. Attach Form 5329 if	_	59	
axes	50a	Household employment taxes from Schedule H		60a	
	b	First-time homebuyer credit repayment. Attach Form 5405 if required		60b	
6		Health care: individual responsibility (see instructions) Full-year coverage		61	_
-	32	Taxes from: a Form 8959 b Form 8960 c Instructions; enter c		62	_
6			2008(B)	63	12,403
		Add lines 56 through 62. This is your total tax	12,000	03	12,405
Payments 6			12,000		
fyou have a	6a				
qualitying	_				
child, attach Schedule EIC. 6	ь	Nontaxable combat pay election 66b			
-		Additional child tax credit. Attach Schedule 8812			
	88	American opportunity credit from Form 8863, line 8 68			
6		Net premium tax credit. Attach Form 8962 69			
7	-	Amount paid with request for extension to file			
7		Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld 71			
	2	Credit for federal tax on fuels. Attach Form 4136 72			
73		Credits from Form: a 2439 b Reserved c 8865 d			40.000
74	-		►	74	12,000
	15	If line 74 is more than line 63, subtract line 63 from line 74. This is the amou	· · -	75	
-	76a	Amount of line 75 you want refunded to you. If Form 8888 is attached, check		76a	
Direct deposit? 🏲	ь	Routing number	king 📋 Savings		
nstructions.	d	Account number	LL.		
7		Amount of line 75 you want applied to your 2017 estimated tax 77			
	78	Amount you owe. Subtract line 74 from line 63. For details on how to pay, se	ee instructions 🕨	78	403
You Owe 7	9	Estimated tax penalty (see instructions) 79			
Third Party		you want to allow another person to discuss this return with the IRS (see instr	· •	. Complet	te below. 🗌 No
Designee		gnee's Phone e► no.►	Personal iden number (PIN)		
Sian		ar penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules a			w knowledge and belief.
Sign Here	they	are true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all inf		er has any	knowledge.
	You	r signature Date Your occupation		Daytime (phone number
loint return? See Instructions.		Miltan T. Drown 4/15/17 Minister			
Keep a copy for	Spo	use's signature. If a joint return, both must sign. Date Spouse's occupatio	m	If the IRS a PIN, enter I	ent you an Identity Protection
your records.		alessia S. Trown 4/15/17 Housewife		here (see in	
Paid	Prin	/Type preparer's name Preparer's signature	Date	Check [Tar PTIN
Preparer –				self-empl	
Use Only –	Firm	's name 🕨		Firm's Ell	NÞ
use only -		's address ►		Phone no	

Line 44 – If applicable, be sure to use "Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet" in the instructions to Form 1040.

Line 64 – The minister had income tax withheld under a voluntary withholding agreement with the church. Notice that income tax was withheld relating to both the income and social security tax liability.

SCHEDULE (Form 1040)	A	Itemized Deductions		2016
Department of the Tr Internal Revenue Ser	vice (9	a) Attach to Form 1040.		Attachment Sequence No. 07
Name(s) shown on Milton L. a		Alessia S. Brown		ur social security numbe 541-16-8194
Medical		Caution: Do not include expenses reimbursed or paid by others. Medical and dental expenses (see instructions) 1 1,500		
and	2	Enter amount from Form 1040, line 38 2 53,855		
Dental		Multiply line 2 by 10% (0.10). But if either you or your spouse was		
Expenses		born before January 2, 1952, multiply line 2 by 7.5% (0.075) instead 3 5,386	4	0
Taxes You		Subtract line 3 from line 1. If line 3 is more than line 1, enter -0	4	
Paid		a 🖄 Income taxes, or)		
		b General sales taxes		
		Real estate taxes (see instructions)	-	
		Personal property taxes	-	
	č	8		
		Add lines 5 through 8	9	3,000
Interest		Home mortgage interest and points reported to you on Form 1096 10 14,850		
You Paid		Home mortgage interest not reported to you on Form 1098. If paid to the person from whom you bought the home, see instructions		
Note:		and show that person's name, identifying no., and address >		
Your mortgage interest				
deduction may			-	
be limited (see instructions).		Points not reported to you on Form 1098. See instructions for special rules		
		Special rules		
		Investment interest. Attach Form 4952 if required. (See instructions.) 14		14.950
		Add lines 10 through 14	15	14,850
Gifts to Charity		Gifts by cash or check. If you made any gift of \$250 or more, see instructions		
If you made a		Other than by cash or check. If any gift of \$250 or more, see instructions. You must attach Form 8283 if over \$500		
gift and got a benefit for it,		instructions. You must attach Form 8283 if over \$500 17 266 Carryover from prior year	-	
see instructions.		Add lines 16 through 18	19	8,466
Casualty and Theft Losses	20	Casualty or theft loss(es). Attach Form 4684. (See Instructions.)	20	
Job Expenses		Unreimbursed employee expenses-job travel, union dues,		
and Certain Miscellaneous		job education, etc. Attach Form 2106 or 2106-EZ if required.		
Deductions		(See instructions.) ► 21 22 200	-	
		Other expenses-investment, safe deposit box, etc. List type		
		and amount ►		
	~ `	Add lines 21 through 23	-	
		Add lines 21 through 23	-	
		Multiply line 25 by 2% (0.02)		
A.1		Subtract line 26 from line 24. If line 26 is more than line 24, enter -0	27	0
Other Miscellaneous	28	Other – from list in instructions. List type and amount ►		
Deductions Total	20	Is Form 1040, line 38, over \$155,650?	28	
Iternized Deductions		No. Your deduction is not limited. Add the amounts in the far right column for lines 4 through 28. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040, line 40.	29	26,316
Deddettona		Ves. Your deduction may be limited. See the Itemized Deductions Worksheet in the instructions to figure the amount to enter.	2.0	
		If you elect to itemize deductions even though they are less than your standard deduction, check here		
For Paparwark		ction Act Notice, see Form 1040 instructions. Cat. No. 1714SC	Sci	hedule A (Form 1040) 20

Lines 6 and 10 – The real estate taxes and home mortgage interest are deducted on this form plus excluded from income on line 7, Form 1040, page 1 as a housing allowance.

Line 21 – There are no unreimbursed employee expenses to deduct since the church reimbursed all the professional expenses under an accountable expense reimbursement plan.

SCHEDULE B Form 1040A or 1		Interest and Ordinary Dividends		OMB No. 1545-0074
Department of the Tre	asury	Attach to Form 1040A or 1040. Information about Schedule B and its instructions is at www.irs.gov/scheduleb.		2016
ntemai Revenue Serv Name(s) shown on M Milton L. and	atum	sia S. Brown		Sequence No. 08 social security number 1-16-8194
Part I	1	List name of payer. If any interest is from a seller-financed mortgage and the		Amount
Interest	~	buyer used the property as a personal residence, see instructions on back and list this interest first. Also, show that buyer's social security number and address ► <u>State Highway Bonds</u> Ohio S&L		1,200
See instructions on back and the instructions for Form 1040A, or Form 1040, ine 8a.)			1	
Note: If you received a Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-OID, or				
substitute statement from a brokerage firm,		Subtotal		1,875
list the firm's		Loss: Tay-Evempt Interest		-1,200
name as the	2	Add the amounts on line 1	2	675
payer and enter the total interest	3	Excludable interest on series EE and I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989.		
shown on that form.	4	Attach Form 8815	3	
	4	1040, line 8a	4	675
	Note:	If line 4 is over \$1,500, you must complete Part III.		Amount
Ordinary Dividends See instructions on back and the nstructions for Form 1040A, or Form 1040, ine 9a.)			5	
Note: If you received a Form 1099-DIV or substitute statement from a brokerage firm, list the firm's name as the payer and enter the ordinary	6	Add the amounts on line 5. Enter the total here and on Form 1040A, or Form		
dividends shown on that form.		1040, line 9a	6	
		If line 6 is over \$1,500, you must complete Part III. ust complete this part if you (a) had over \$1,500 of taxable interest or ordinary dividends; (h) hod	
		account; or (c) received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a forei		
Part III Foreign Accounts	7a	At any time during 2016, did you have a financial interest in or signature authority ov account (such as a bank account, securities account, or brokerage account) located country? See instructions		
and Trusts		If *Yes,* are you required to file FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank and Fina Accounts (FBAR), to report that financial interest or signature authority? See FinCEN and its instructions for filing requirements and exceptions to those requirements.	I Form	
instructions on back.)	ь	If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114, enter the name of the foreign country will financial account is located		
	8	During 2016, did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or trans foreign trust? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520. See instructions on back .	feror t	o,a

Department of the Treasury nternal Revenue Service (99)	(Sole Prop ► Partnerships, joint ventures, etc., ge ► Attach to Form 1040, 1040NR, or 1	enerally must file Form			20 16 Attachment Sequence No. 09A
Anne of proprietor Milton L. Brown				cial securi 541-16	ty number (SSN)
	Information			341-10	-0194
General					
You May Use Schedule C-EZ Instead of Schedule C	 Had business expenses of \$5,000 or less, Use the cash method of accounting, Did not have an inventory at any time during the year, 	And You:	 Had no emplo Do not deduct use of your ho Do not have p passive activit business, and 	expense me, nor year (y losses f	s for business
Only If You:	 Did not have a net loss from your business. Had only one business as either a sole proprietor, qualified joint venture, or statutory employee, 		Are not require Depreciation a	ed to file l ind Amori See the li	tization, for instructions for
	r profession, including product or service		В		isiness code (see page 2)
Minister C Business name. If n	o separate business name, leave biank.				8 1 3 0 0 0 /our EIN (see page 2)
	ncluding suite or room no.). Address not required i				
G If "Yes," did you o	or will you file required Forms 1099?				☐Yes ĎNo ☐Yes ☐No
employee* box	 Caution: If this income was reported to on that form was checked, see Statuto a 1, and check here 	ry employees in the	instructions for		1,650
			-		530
3 Net profit, Sub Form 1040, line line 2 (see instr	(see page 2). If more than \$5,000, you must tract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, you 12, and Schedule SE, line 2, or on Form 10 uctions). (Statutory employees do not repor sts, enter on Form 1041, line 3	u must use Schedule 040NR, line 13, and 3	Schedule SE, redule SE, line 2.)		530
3 Net profit. Sub Form 1040, line line 2 (see instr Estates and trus	tract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, you 12, and Schedule SE, line 2, or on Form 10 uctions). (Statutory employees do not repor	I must use Schedule 040NR, line 13, and 3 t this amount on Sch	Schedule SE, nedule SE, line 2.	3	1,120
3 Net profit. Sub Form 1040, line line 2 (see instr Estates and trus Part III Informati	tract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, you 12, and Schedule SE, line 2, or on Form 10 uctions). (Statutory employees do not repor sts, enter on Form 1041, line 3	u must use Schedula 040NR, line 13, and 4 It this amount on Sch t only if you are cla	Schedule SE, iedule SE, line 2. iming car or true	3 ck expe	1,120
3 Net profit. Sub Form 1040, line line 2 (see instr Estates and trus Part III Informati 4 When did you p	tract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, you 12, and Schedule SE, line 2, or on Form 16 uctions). (Statutory employees do not repor- sts, enter on Form 1041, line 3 ion on Your Vehicle. Complete this part lace your vehicle in service for business purp- uber of miles you drove your vehicle during 2	u must use Schedule 040NR, line 13, and 3 t this amount on Sch t only if you are cla posses? (month, day,) 016, enter the number	Schedule SE, Inc 2, indule SE, Inc 2, iming car or true rear) ►1/1/0; er of miles you use	3 ck expe	1,120 nses on line 2.
 Net profit. Sub Form 1040, line line 2 (see instr Estates and trus Part III Informati When did you p Of the total num Schedule (a Business 	tract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, you 12, and Schedule SE, line 2, or on Form 16 uctions). (Statutory employees do not repor- sts, enter on Form 1041, line 3 ion on Your Vehicle. Complete this part lace your vehicle in service for business purp- tion of miles you drove your vehicle during 20 5 920	a must use Schedule 040NR, line 13, and 3 it this amount on Sch it only if you are cla posses? (month, day,) 016, enter the number 2)1,216	Schedule SE, Inc 2. iming car or true rear) ►1/1/0; er of miles you use c Other	3 ck expe	1,120 nses on line 2.
 Net profit. Sub Form 1040, line line 2 (see instr Estates and trus Part III Informati When did you p Of the total num Schedule (a Business Was your vehicl 	tract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, you 12, and Schedule SE, line 2, or on Form 16 uctions). (Statutory employees do not repor- sts, enter on Form 1041, line 3 ion on Your Vehicle. Complete this part lace your vehicle in service for business purp- tion of miles you drove your vehicle during 20 920 9,412 b Commuting (see page	a must use Schedule 040NR, line 13, and 4 t this amount on Sch t only if you are cla poses? (month, day,) 016, enter the number 2) 1,216 hours?	Schedule SE, Inc 2, iming car or true rear) ►1/1/02 er of miles you use c Other	ad your v	1,120 nses on line 2.
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	e SE (Form 1040) 2016 f person with self-employment income (as shown on Form 1040 or Form 1040NR)	Attachment Sequence No. 1 Social security number of			Page 2
	ilton L. Brown	with self-employment inc	ome 🕨	541-16-819	4
	on B-Long Schedule SE				
	Self-Employment Tax				
	If your only income subject to self-employment tax is church employe	e income, see instructions. Also	see inst	ructions for the	
	ion of church employee income.			1001 1.1	
A	If you are a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian S had \$400 or more of other net earnings from self-employment, ch	eck here and continue with Pa			
1a	Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and farm partnershi box 14, code A. Note. Skip lines 1a and 1b if you use the farm option		1a		
ь	If you received social security retirement or disability benefits, enter the a Program payments included on Schedule F, line 4b, or listed on Schedule F	amount of Conservation Reserve	1b ()
2	Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3				
2	box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form Ministers and members of religious orders, see instructions for this line. See instructions for other income to report. Note. Skip the optional method (see instructions).	n 1065-B), box 9, code J1. ypes of income to report on is line if you use the nonfarm	2	84,753	
3	Combine lines 1a, 1b, and 2		3	84,753	
-	If line 3 is more than zero, multiply line 3 by 92.35% (0.9235). Otherv		4a	78,269	
-14	Note. If line 4a is less than \$400 due to Conservation Reserve Program paym			,0,207	
b	If you elect one or both of the optional methods, enter the total of		4b		
	Combine lines 4a and 4b. If less than \$400, stop; you do not owe s Exception. If less than \$400 and you had church employee incor	self-employment tax.	4c	78,269	
5a	Enter your church employee income from Form W-2. See		40	70,209	
ь	instructions for definition of church employee income Multiply line 5a by 92.35% (0.9235). If less than \$100, enter -0	5a	5b		
6	Add lines 4c and 5b		6	78,269	
7	Maximum amount of combined wages and self-employment earni tax or the 6.2% portion of the 7.65% railroad retirement (tier 1) tax		7	118,500	00
8a	Total social security wages and tips (total of boxes 3 and 7 on Form(s) W-2) and railroad retirement (tier 1) compensation. If \$118,500 or more, skip lines 8b through 10, and go to line 11	8a			
b	Unreported tips subject to social security tax (from Form 4137, line 10)	8b			
с	Wages subject to social security tax (from Form 8919, line 10)	8c			
d	Add lines 8a, 8b, and 8c		8d		
9	Subtract line 8d from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on li	ne 10 and gotoline 11 🛛 . 🕨	9	118,500	
10	Multiply the smaller of line 6 or line 9 by 12.4% (0.124)		10	9,705	
11	Multiply line 6 by 2.9% (0.029)		11	2,270	
12	Self-employment tax. Add lines 10 and 11. Enter here and on Form 1040, I	line 57, or Form 1040NR, line 55	12	11,975	
13	Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax.				
	Multiply line 12 by 50% (0.50). Enter the result here and on	13 5,988			
Part	Form 1040, line 27, or Form 1040NR, line 27.	10			
	Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your gross	,			
	7,560, or (b) your net farm profits ² were less than \$5,457.				
14	Maximum income for optional methods		14	5,040	-00
15	Enter the smaller of: two-thirds (2/3) of gross farm income ¹ (not le include this amount on line 4b above		15		
Nonfa	m Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your net nonfar				
	to less than 72.189% of your gross nonfarm income, ⁴ and (b) you had net				
	ast \$400 in 2 of the prior 3 years. Caution. You may use this method no m				
16	Subtract line 15 from line 14		16		
17	Enter the smaller of: two-thirds (7/s) of gross nonfarm income ⁴ (no amount on line 16. Also include this amount on line 4b above .	t less than zero) or the	17		
	Sch. F, line 9, and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code B. 3 Fro	m Sch. C, line 31; Sch. C-EZ, line 3; and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, c	Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14,	code
² From					
	d. Fro	m Sch. C, line 7; Sch. C-EZ, line 1; S and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, c	ode J2.	onn 1000), box 14, 0	oue

Line 2 – See Attachment 2 on page 43.

Line 4 – This line results in the deduction of a portion of the self-employment tax liability.

A minister must use Section B-Long Schedule if he or she received nonministerial wages (subject to FICA) and the total of these wages and net ministerial self-employment earnings (W-2 and Schedule C [C-EZ]-related) is more than \$118,500.

		Taxable	Tax-Free	Total
Salary as a minister		\$ 57,850		\$ 57,850
Housing allowance:				
Amount designated and paid by church	\$ 26,000			
Actual expenses	25,625			
Fair rental value of home (including				
furnishings and utilities)	25,000			
Taxable portion of allowance				
(excess of amount designated & paid over				
lesser of actual expenses or fair rental value)	\$ 1,000	1,000		1,000
Tax-free portion of allowance (lesser of amount				
designated, actual expenses, or fair rental value)			25,000	
Gross income from weddings, baptisms, and honoraria		1,650		1,650
Ministerial Income		\$ 60,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 85,500
% of nondeductible expenses: \$25,000/\$85,500 = 29	%			
Schedule C-EZ Deduction Computation			* • • •	
Parking	、 、		\$ 25	
Meals & Entertainment (\$50 x 50% deductible portion))		25	
Other			200	
Mileage (920 miles x 54 cents per mile)			<u>_497</u>	
Unadjusted Schedule C-EZ expenses			747	
Minus:				
Nondeductible part of Schedule C-EZ expenses (29%	x \$747)		(217)	
Schedule C-EZ deductions (line 2) (See page 41)			<u>\$ 530</u>	

Net earnings from self-employment (attachment to Schedule SE, Form 1040)

Church wages	\$ 57,850
Housing allowance	26,000
Net profit from Schedule C-EZ	<u>1,120</u> 84,970
Less:	
Schedule C-EZ expenses allocable to tax-free income	(217)
Net Self-Employed Income	
Schedule SE, Section A, line 2 (See page 42)	<u>\$ 84,753</u>

Housing Allowanc Minister-Owned		-
Name:Milton L. Brown		_
For the period January 1 , 20_16 to D	ecember 31 _{, 20} 1	6
Date designation approved December 20	, 2015_	
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from curren	t income)	
	Estimated <u>Expenses</u>	Actual
Down payment on purchase of housing	\$	\$
Housing loan principal and interest payments	<u> 18,11</u> 7	18,875
Real estate commission, escrow fees		<u> </u>
Real property taxes	900	1,000
Personal property taxes on contents		
Homeowner's insurance	500	550
Personal property insurance on contents	150	200
Umbrella liability insurance	100	
Structural maintenance and repair		550
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control		200
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)	<u> </u>	400
Decoration and redecoration		
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection	3,500	3,500
Local telephone expense (base charge)	150	150
Homeowner's association dues/condominium fees	219	200
Subtotal	23,636	
10% allowance for unexpected expenses	2,364	
TOTAL	\$26,000	\$(A)
Properly designated housing allowance		\$(B)
Fair rental value of home, including furnishings, plus utilit	ies	\$ 25,000_(C)

The 1,000 difference between the designation (26,000) and the fair rental value (25,000) is reported as additional income on Form 1040, line 7.

22222 Void 🗌 ⁸	Employee's social security number 541-16-8194	For Official OMB No. 18		*		
Employer identification number (EN 38-9417217			1 Wa	ges, tips, other compensation 57850.00	2 Federal income 12000.00	tax withheld
Employer's name, address, and ZIP	code		3 So	cial security wages	4 Social security t	ax withheld
Magnolia Springs 4805 Douglas Roa			5 Me	edicare wages and tips	6 Medicare tax wit	theid
Springfield, OH 45			7 So	cial security tips	8 Allocated tips	
Control number			9		10 Dependent care	benefits
 Employee's first name and initial Milton L. 	Last name Brown	Su	iff. 11 No	onqualified plans	12a See instructions	s for box 12
418 Trenton Street Springfield, OH 45		t		butory Betrement Third-party plan sick pay	Coa -	
springheid, OH 45	504		14 Oth	her		
					12d	
Employee's address and ZIP code						
5 State Employer's state ID number OH 677803	16 State wages, tips, etc. 57850.00	17 State inc 1600.		18 Local wages, tips, etc.	19 Local income tax	20 Locality na
m W-2 Wage and opy A For Social Security Admin rm W-3 to the Social Security Admin		ot acceptable		Fa	of the Treasury—Internal or Privacy Act and Paper ct Notice, see the separ	work Reduct ate instructio
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From W-3 to the Social Security Admin From W-3 to the Social Security Act Salary (\$ and S Special o Reimburg	nistration – Send this entire pa aministration; photocopies are n Do Not Cut, Fold, of compensation report 64,850 less \$26,000 hc \$500 403[b] contribution ccasion gifts	age with ot acceptable or Staple rted on Fo pusing allo ions)	Forms orm W- wance	on This Page	Privacy Act and Pape ct Notice, see the separ \$ 38,350 750	work Reduct ate instructio

Sample Return No. 2

- Nonaccountable expense reimbursements
- Minister occupies a church-provided parsonage
- Pays federal taxes using Form 1040-ES

Minister considered to be an employee for income tax purposes with a nonaccountable business expense plan.

The Halls live in church-provided housing.

Income, Benefits, and Reimbursements:

Church salary – Donald	\$ 11,000
Salary – Julie (W-2 not shown)/ Federal withholding of \$250 Christmas and other special occasion gifts	13,350
paid by the church based on designated member-gifts to the church	500
Honoraria for performing weddings, funerals, baptisms, and outside	
speaking engagements	5,200
Interest income (taxable)	750
Reimbursement of self-employment tax	2,100
Business expense allowance (no accounting provided to church)	1,700

Business Expenses, Itemized Deductions, 403(b) Contributions, Housing Data, and Moving Expense Data:

8 1	
Church-related expenses paid personally:	
Business use of personally owned auto	
(W-2 related)	7,450 miles
Personal nondeductible commuting	2,432 miles
Seminar expenses:	
Airfare	\$675
Meals	233
Lodging	167
Subscriptions	200

- Qualifies for the Earned Income Credit
- Church did not reimburse moving expenses
- Application of Deason Rule
- Tax Saver's Credit

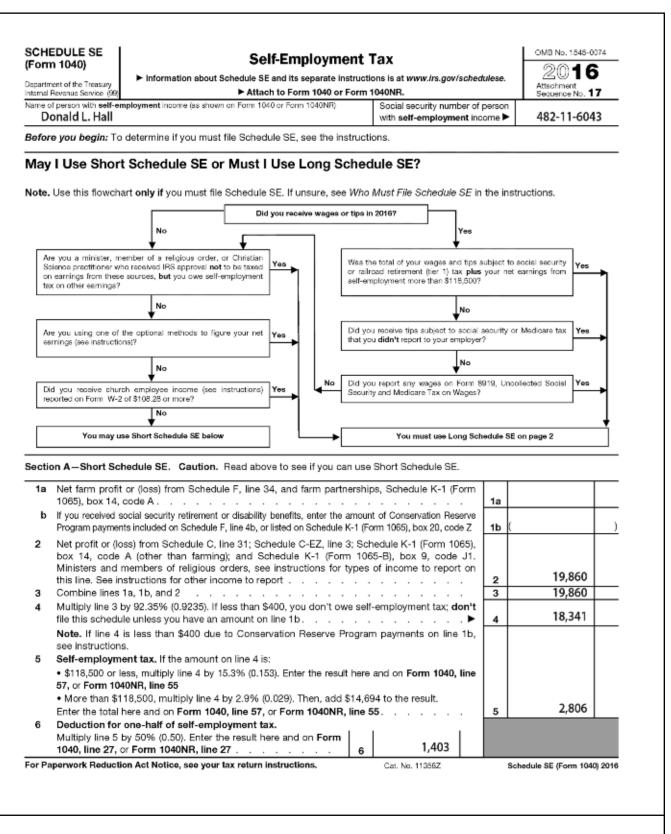
Books (less than one-year life)	100
Supplies	250
Entertainment expenses	1,207
Continuing education tuition (related	
to church employment)	500
Travel expense related to honoraria (Schedule	C-EZ):
Airfare	2,042
Business use of personally owned auto	
2,319 x 54¢ per mile	1,252
Lodging	400
Supplies	700
Potential itemized deductions:	
Unreimbursed doctors, dentists,	
and drugs	3,050
State and local income taxes	460
Personal property taxes	300
Cash contributions	3,310
Housing data:	
Designation	2,000
Actual expenses	1,000
Fair rental value, including furnishings	
and utilities	11,150
403(b) pre-tax contributions for	
Pastor Hall: Voluntary employee	
contributions made under a salary	500
reduction agreement	-
Moving expenses (deductible)	1,183

Estimated \$24,000 in income for health insurance exchange subsidy at the beginning of year

For the year dan, 1-De Your first name and	a. 31, 2016, or other tax; initial	and the second	name		1.5	2016, ending	9	20		e separate instruction ar social security nur	1.
Donald L.	A.4435	11/08/	all						1.25	82 11 604	
	ise's first name and in		name						1.00	use's social security n	
Julie M.	ber and street). If you	the second se	all				1		-	20 92 132	1
804 Linden	Avenue							Apt. no.	•	Make sure the SSN(s and on line 6c are cr	
기술의 유민이 연	e, state, and ZP code.	f you have a foreign a	ddivess, ak	o comp	olete spaces b	elow (see instructions).	i i i		1000	esidential Election Car	1.00
Pensacola, FL 32502 Foreign country name			Foreign province/state/county Foreign postsl cod					postal opda	10.079	k here if you, or your spouse , want \$3 to go to this fund.	Checking
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Filing Status	1 🗌 Single						d of househo	ld (with qual	itying a	erson), (See instructio	na.) f
- Charles		filing jointly (ever							d but n	or your dependent, en	ter this
Check only one box.		filing separately. name here. >	Enter sp	ouse	's SSN abo	5750	d's name here slifying wido	Children	lepens	tent child	
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	David K.	Hall	1 march	10220	7465	Son	the second se	dructione) XI	-	 did not live with you due to divorce 	
If more than four	Sarah E.	Hall			9125	Daughter		x	Ξ.	or separation (see instructions)	
dependents, see instructions and							E		31	Dependents on 5c not entered above	_
check here 🕨 🗌	d Total num	ber of exemption	e cisima	d	10 00 00					Add numbers on fines above >	4
Income	CONT. ACCREDITION D	alaries, tips, etc. /	CODE CODE DUC			I, Excess Housin	Allow, S	1,000	7	27,150	F
Income	- 20 · . 2007043103	nterest, Attach Se		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1		a perites entre la compañía. Cel perites entre la compañía			8a	750	
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Attach Form(s) W-2 here, Also		dividends. Attach				0.0235	金融 磷	2.5	9a		-
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was withheld.	12 Business	income or (loss).	Attach S	ched	ule C or C-	EZ	- 404 DA	9 B I	12	2,520	
If you did not						If not required, ch	eck here 🕨		13		
get a W-2,		ns or (losses). Att outions . 1	ach Forn 5a	1479	7	b Taxable a		2.2	14 15b		-
see instructions.			6a	_	-	b Taxable a			16b		+
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							1.1	* • I	18		
		ment compensation	2014 II	41 F	04 04 AQ	1.1.1.2.2.2.1.1.1.1.1.2.2.2.2.1.1.1.1		88	19		-
		urity benefits 2 ome. List type an	HOLD BE FOR			b Taxable a	smount .	3 32 E	20b 21		-
		100000			for lines 7 th	rough 21. This is yo	ur total incor	me 🕨	22	30,420	1
Adjusted	23 Educator	expenses , ,	е ж	<u>10 10</u>		23					
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		xpenses. Attach i				and a second second	1,18	3			
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		ine 36 from line 2					- 1023 - 38 - 1023 - 38		37	27.834	
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For Disclosure, P											

Deduction for— • People who	38 39a	Amount from line 37 (adjusted gross income)		otal boxes	38	27,834	<u> </u>
Credits Standard Deduction for— • People who			iing i tz			I	
Standard Deduction for— • People who				necked ► 39a			
Standard Deduction for	b	If your spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-statu					
Deduction for— • People who	40	Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduct		_	40	12,600	
 People who 	40						_
 People who 		Subtract line 40 from line 38			41	15,234	
check any	42	Exemptions. If line 38 is \$155,850 or less, multiply \$4,050 by the number on			42	16,200	
box on line	43	Taxable Income. Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more t			43	0	
39a or 39b or who can be	44	Tax (see instructions). Check if any from: a Form(s) 8814 b			44		
claimed as a dependent,	45	Alternative minimum tax (see instructions). Attach Form 6251 .			45		
see	46	Excess advance premium tax credit repayment. Attach Form 8962	2		46	68	
 All others: 	47	Add lines 44, 45, and 46		<u> </u>	47	68	
Single or	48	Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required	48				
Married filing	49	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441	49				
separately, \$6,300	50	Education credits from Form 8863, line 19	50				
Married filing	51	Retirement savings contributions credit. Attach Form 8880	51	68			
jointly or Qualifying	52	Child tax credit. Attach Schedule 8812, if required	52				
widow(er), \$12,600	53	Residential energy credits. Attach Form 5695	53				
Head of	54	Other credits from Form: a 3800 b 8801 c	54				
household,	55	Add lines 48 through 54. These are your total credits			55	68	
\$9,300	56	Subtract line 55 from line 47. If line 55 is more than line 47, enter -			56	0	
	57	Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE			57	2,806	
O +h =	58	Unreported social security and Medicare tax from Form: a 4		ы 🗌 8919	58	2,000	_
Other	59	Additional tax on IRAs, other gualified retirement plans, etc. Attach F			59		
Taxes	60a	Household employment taxes from Schedule H			60a		
					60b		
	Ь	First-time homebuyer credit repayment. Attach Form 5405 if required	_				
	61	Health care: individual responsibility (see instructions) Full-year co			61		
	62	Taxes from: a Form 8959 b Form 8960 c Instruction			62		
	63	Add lines 56 through 62. This is your total tax			63	2,806	
Payments	64	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	64	250	-		
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qualitying r	<u>66</u> a	Earned income credit (EIC)	66a	3,869			
child, attach	ь	Nontaxable combat pay election 66b					
Schedule EIC.	67	Additional child tax credit. Attach Schedule 8812	67	2,000	_		
	68	American opportunity credit from Form 8863, line 8	68				
	69	Net premium tax credit. Attach Form 8962	69				
	70	Amount paid with request for extension to file	70				
	71	Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld	71				
	72	Credit for federal tax on fuels. Attach Form 4136	72				
	73	Credits from Form: a 2439 b Reserved c 8885 d	73				
	74	Add lines 64, 65, 66a, and 67 through 73. These are your total part	yments		74	6.119	
Refund	75	If line 74 is more than line 63, subtract line 63 from line 74. This is	s the am	ount vou overpaid	75	3,313	
	76a	Amount of line 75 you want refunded to you. If Form 8888 is attain			76a	3,313	
Direct deposit?				hecking Savings		5,5	
See	►d	Account number					
instructions.	77		77				
Amount	78	Amount you owe. Subtract line 74 from line 63. For details on hor		see instructions	78		
You Owe	79	-	79		10		
		you want to allow another person to discuss this return with the IR		structions\2	e Com	alata balany 🗖 🗖	hi a
Third Party		ignee's Phone	0 (000 III)	Personal ide		plete below.	40
Designee		no. ►		number (PI)			Т
Sign		ler penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanyin					ief,
Here		rare true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is by a circuit and the second s					
Joint return? See	L TO		cupation		Daytin	ne phone number	
instructions.		Fondia J. Hour Tilli					- 1
Keep a copy for your records.	F Spa		s'a occupe	ation	PIN, on	S sent you an Identity Prote ter it	otion
your records.			retary		here (se	ie inst.)	
Paid	Prin	t/Type preparer's name Preparer's signature		Date	Check	Dif PTIN	
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Use Only	Ein	n's name 🕨			Firm's	EIN ►	
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www.irs.gow/form						Form 1040	(201)

Name o	Revenue Service (99)	► Attac	ch to Form 1040, 1040NR, o	or 1041. 🕨 See Instru	ctions on page 2.	Social secu	Sequence No rity number (SSN	
	ald L. Hall					482-1	1-6043	
Par	General In	formation						
Sch Inst Sch	a May Use Medule C-EZ Medule C Medule C y If You:	 less, Use the case Did not have during the year of the provided on the provided on	ve a net loss from your ne business as either a sole qualified joint venture, or	And You:	 Do not de use of you Do not har passive ao business, Are not re- Depreciatii this busine 	duct expens ir home, ve prior year ctivity losses and quired to file on and Amo ass. See the		
A	Principal business or p	profession, includ	ling product or service			B Enter t	business code (se	e page
-	Minister Business name. If no s		nome lance blank				8 1 3 0	-
			om no.). Address not require	ed if same as on page	1 of your tax return.			
1	City, town or post offic	ce, state, and ZIP	' code					
G Part		ur Net Profit	uired Forms 1099?				Ves []	No
	Gross receipts. employee" box of Schedule C, line 1	ur Net Profit Caution: If this on that form v I, and check he	s income was reported t was checked, see Statu re	to you on Form W- itory employees in	2 and the [∞] Statu the instructions ►	tory	5,200)
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Line 2 - See the schedule on page 61 for the calculation of this amount.

Line 4 – This line results in the deduction of a portion of the self-employment tax liability.

A minister may use Section A-Short Schedule unless he received nonministerial wages (subject to FICA) and the total of these wages and net ministerial self-employment earnings (W-2 and Schedule C-related) is more than \$118,500.

	CHEDULE EIC rm 1040A or 1040)	Earned Incol Qualifying Child	Information 1040A	2016
	estimate of the Tennesses	to Form 1040A or 1040 only if you de EIC (Form 1040A or 1040) and its instr	I FIC	Attachment Sequence No. 43
Nar	ne(s) shown on return Donald L. Hall			Your social security number 482-11-6043
_	• South	instructions for Form 1040A,	lines 42a and 42b, or Form 1040, line	
	Be sure Otherw	the child's name on line 1 and soc ise, at the time we process your re- ecurity card is not correct, call the	d (b) you have a qualifying child. ial security number (SSN) on line 2 agree turn, we may reduce or disallow your EIC Social Security Administration at 1-800- more than half of the year.	2. If the name or SSN on the child's
<u>د</u> م			e allowed to take the credit for up to 10; nd if you do not fill in all lines that ap	
Q	ualifying Child Informatio	n Child 1	Child 2	Child 3
1	Child's name If you have more than three qualifying children, you have to list only three to get the maximum credit.	First name Last nam David K. Hall	me Firstname Lastname Sarah E. Hall	First name Lest name
2	Child's SSN The child must have an SSN as defined in the instructions for Form 1040A, lines 42a and 42b, or Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, unless the child was born and died in 2016. If your child was born and died in 2016 and did not have an SSN, enter "Died" on this line and attach a copy of the child's birth certificate, death certificate, or hospital medical records.	ι	416-49-9125	
3	Child's year of birth	Year 2 0 0 If born after 1997 and the child younger than you (or your spou filing jointly), skip lines 4a and go to line 5.	se, if younger than you (or your spouse, i	Year If born after 1997 and the child is younger than you (or your spouse, if Jiling jointly, skip lines 4a and 4b; go to line 5.
4 a	Was the child under age 24 at the end of 2016, a student, and younger than you (or your spouse, if filing jointly)?	X Yes. No. Go to Go to line of line 5.	X Yes. No. db. Go to line 5. Go to line 4b.	Go to Go to line 4b.
t	Was the child permanently and totally disabled during any part of 2016?	Go to The child is r line 5. qualifying ch		
5	Child's relationship to you			
	(for example, son, daughter, grandchild, nicce, nephew, foster child, etc.)	Son	Daughter	
6	Number of months child lived with you in the United States during 2016 • If the child lived with you for more than			
	 half of 2016 but less than 7 months, enter "7." If the child was born or died in 2016 and your home was the child's home for more than half the time he or she was alive during 2016, enter "12." 	12 month Do not enter more than 12 months.	s 12 months Do not enter more than 12 months.	Do not enter more than 12 months.

If you are eligible for the Earned Income Credit, you must file page 1 of Schedule EIC if you have a qualifying child. Compute your credit on Worksheet B found in the IRS instruction booklet.

There could have been a much larger Earned Income Credit if Donald Hall's business expenses had been reimbursed and a lower salary prospectively established. The expenses claimed on Form 2106-EZ do not offset earned income for the EIC calculation.

✓ Complete the part	ts bel 1 filir	u answered "Yes" to Step 5, question 2. low (Parts 1 through 3) that apply to you. Then, continue to Part 4. og a joint return, include your spouse's amounts, if any, with yours to figure a 3.	the :	amoun	ts to
Part 1	1a.	Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 3, or Section B, line 3, whichever applies.		1a	33,210
Self-Employed, Members of the	b.	Enter any amount from Schedule SE, Section B, line 4b, and line 5a.	+	1b	
Clergy, and People With Church Employee		Combine lines 1a and 1b. Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 6, or	-	1c 1d	33,210
Church Employee Income Filing Schedule SE	e.	Section B, line 13, whichever applies. Subtract line 1d from 1c.	_	1u 1e	1,403 31,807
Part 2 Self-Employed NOT Required TO File Schedule SE For example, your net earnings from self-employment were less than \$400.	a. b.	Do not include on these lines any statutory employee income, any net profit from notary public, any amount exempt from self-employment tax as the result of the fit 4029 or Form 4361, or any other amounts exempt from self-employment tax. Enter any net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and from farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A*. Enter any net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J1*. Combine lines 2a and 2b. ^o If you have any Schedule K-1 amounts, complete the appropriate line(s) of Reduce the Schedule K-1 amounts as described in the Partner's Instructions j	+	2a 2b 2c inedule	SE, Section A.
Part 3 Statutory Employees Filing Schedule C or C-EZ	3.	Enter the amount from Schedule C, line 1, or Schedule C-EZ, line 1, that you are filing as a statutory employee.		3	
Part 4	4a.	Enter your earned income from Step 5.		4a	
All Filers Using Worksheet B Note. If line 4b includes income on which you should have paid self- employment tax but didn't, we may reduce your credit by the amount of self-employment tax not paid.		Combine lines 1e, 2c, 3, and 4a. This is your total earned income. If line 4b is zero or less, You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" on the If you have: • 3 or more qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$47,955 (\$53,505 if n • 2 qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$44,648 (\$50,198 if married fi • 1 qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$39,296 (\$44,846 if married filing • No qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$14,880 (\$20,430 if married • Yes. If you want the IRS to figure your credit, see <i>Credit figured by the IRS</i> , figure the credit yourself, enter the amount from line 4b on line 6 of this wor • No. You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line next	dotta narrie ling join filin , carl kshe	ed filin jointly atly)? g joint ier. If y et.	g jointly)?)? ly)? /ou want to
	Inc	cluded on Line 1a: Julie Hall's salary \$ 13,350 Schedule SE income <u>19,860</u> <u>\$33,210</u>			

Part 5 All Filers Using Worksheet B		Enter your total earned income from Part 4, line 4b. 6 31,807 Look up the amount on line 6 above in the EIC Table to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. If line 7 is zero, Frop You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.
	8. 9.	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38. 8 27,834
		 Yes. Skip line 10; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11. No. Go to line 10.
Part 6 Filers Who Answered "No" on Line 9	10.	If you have: • No qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$8,300 (\$13,850 if married filing jointly)? • 1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$18,200 (\$23,750 if married filing jointly)? • Yes. Leave line 10 blank; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11. • Yes. Look up the amount on line 8 in the EIC Table to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. Look at the amounts on lines 10 and 7. Then, enter the smaller amount on line 11.
Part 7 Your Earned Income Credit	11. √	This is your earned income credit.
		If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see Form 8862, who must file, earlier, to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2016.

	m 1040A or 104	0)		inna	Tax Cre	ean		1040A	~	١L	20	16
nterna	iment of the Treasury Il Revenue Service (99)	Information		Schedule 88	orm 1040A, o 312 and its sepa v/schedule8812	arate instruction		1040NR 88		ノ	Attachment Sequence N	No. 47
	s) shown on return onald L. and Ju	lie M. Hall									al security n 1-6043	umber
Par		ho Have Ce	rtain Ch	ld Depen	dent(s) with	h an ITIN (Ir	ndividua	a Taxpaye				nber)
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	If your dep	this part only pendent is not										is credit.
	er the following qua vidual Taxpayer Iden ident.											
	For the first depend presence test? See a			N and listed	as a qualifying	g child for the	child tax c	aredit, did th	is child	meet ti	he substanti	al
	X Yes] No									
	For the second dep presence test? See a			[TIN and list	ed as a qualify	ving child for t	the child to	ax credit, did	l this chi	ild mee	et the substa	intial
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	For the third dependence test? See a			IN and listed	l as a qualifyin	ig child for the	e child tax	credit, did th	his child	meet i	the substant	ial
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Line 4 – Earned income from EIC Worksheet B, line 46 (plus nontaxable combat pay), less the rental value of a home or the nontaxable portion of an allowance for a furnished home (per Form 8812 instructions)

Part	u Certain	Filers Who Have Three or More Qualifying Chil	uren	_		_				-
7	Form(s) W-2, b amounts with y	I security, Medicare, and Additional Medicare taxes fro oxes 4 and 6. If married filing jointly, include your spous- yours. If your employer withheld or you paid Addition	ie's nal							
8	Medicare Tax or 1040 filers:	r tier 1 RRTA taxes, see separate instructions Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 27 and 58, plus any taxes that you identified using code "UT" and entered on line 62.	i F	7						
	1040A filers: 1040NR filers:	Enter -0 Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040NR,	Ìŀ	8		-				
	111 Face 7 and	lines 27 and 56, plus any taxes that you identified using code "UT" and entered on line 60.	Ί.							
9 10	Add lines 7 and 1040 filers:	 Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 66a and 71. 	ή <mark>Γ</mark>	9						
	1040A filers:	Enter the total of the amount from Form 1040A, line 42a, plus any excess social security and tier 1 RRTA taxes withheld that you entered to the left of line 46 (see separate instructions).	[.	0						
11 12	Subtract line 10	Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 67. from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0 of line 6 or line 11					11 12			
12		maller of line 3 or line 12 on line 13.				• •	12			
Part	V Addition	nal Child Tax Credit								
13	This is your add	ditional child tax credit					13	2	2,000	L
						1040NF				
							8812 (Form 104	A or 1040	01 2
					:		8812 (Form 104	0A or 1040	0) 2
							8812 (Form 104	0A or 1040	0) 2
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							ə 8812 (Form 104	0A or 1040	D) 2
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							9 8812 (Form 104	0A or 1040	0) 2
							• • 8812 (Form 104	0A or 1040	0) 2
							- 8812 (Form 104	0A or 1040	Dh 2
							• 6812 (Form 104	3A or 1040	0) 2
							• 6812 (Form 104	3A or 1040	D) 2
							• 6812 (Form 104	3A or 1040	0) 2
							• 8812 (Form 104	3A or 1040	Dh 2
							• 8812 (Form 104	3A or 1040	012

re you begin Pa	art 2	✓ Figure the amount of any credits you are claiming on Form 5695, Par Form 8936; or Schedule R.	t II; Form 8910;
irt 2	7.	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 47.	7 68
	8.	Add any amounts from:	
		Form 1040, line 48	
		Form 1040, line 49 +	
		Form 1040, line 50 +	
		Form 1040, line 51 +68	
		Form 5695, line 30 +	
		Form 8910, line 15 +	
		Form 8936, line 23 +	
		Schedule R, line 22 +	
		Enter the total. 8 68	
	9.	Are the amounts on lines 7 and 8 the same?	
		X Yes. STOP	
		You cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below.	
		No. Subtract line 8 from line 7.	9
			-
	10.	Is the amount on line 6 more than the amount on line 9?	
		Solution Also, you may be able to take the	10
		additional child tax credit. See the TIP below.	10
			Enter this amount o Form 1040, line 52.
			1040
		You may be able to take the additional child tax credit on Form 1040, line 67, if you answered "Yes" on line 9 or line 10 above.	
		 First, complete your Form 1040 through lines 66a and 66b).
		 Then, use Schedule 8812 to figure any additional child tax 	
	_	credit.	

You are our busine You don' onsidered If you are aution: Yo ou placed t Part I 1 Com 2 Park trave	• Treasury Service (99) • Hall se This Fo an employ d accepte ss. An exp t get reimburser claiming ve <i>u</i> can use the vehicle in Figure Y	► Information THE ONLY IF A the deducting d in your field anse doesn' ursed by your nents for this chicle expension thicle expens	I of the F g ordinary d of trade t have to t ur employ s purpose se, you art illeage rate o) you lease	► Att The second seco	ach to For and its sep g Apply. ecessary ss, or pr ed to be ny expen he stand 5 only if:	expension consid	or Form structions i Cocupation Mi ses attribu- ses attribu- sen A nece	1040NR. s available in which yo nister utable to ssary exp ssary.	u incurred exp	<i>gov/form</i> censes An ordi	Social a 482	pense is	e No. 1 mber 604	13 hat i
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You are our Can U You are ommon ar your busine You don' onsidered If you are aution: Yo w placed t Part I 1 Com 2 Park trave	Hall se This Fo an employ d accepte ss. An exp t get reimb reimburser claiming ve u can use the reice in Figure Y	rm Only if A be deducting d in your fiel ense doesn'' ursed by yoo nents for this whicle expension set standard in service, or (l	II of the F g ordinary d of trade t have to t ur employ s purpose se, you are nileage rate o) you lease	following and ne by busine be require ver for ar). e using t e for 2016	g Apply. ecessary ss, or pr ed to be ny expen he stand S only if:	expension consid	Cccupation Mi ses attribu on. A nece lered nece	in which yo nister itable to ssary exp ssary.	u incurred exp	An ordi	Social a 482	pense is	mber 604	13 hat i
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1 Con 2 Park trave	-	our Expen	ses		nicle and	(a) you	owned the	for 2016. <i>vehicle al</i>	nd used the	ed in bo	x 1 ofy d <i>mil</i> eag	our Forn	n W-2 the firs	aren st yea
2 Park trave	plete Part													
trave		I. Multiply lir	ne 8a by 5	4¢ (0.54)). Enter ti	he resu	ilt here				1	2,6	513	
3 Trav	÷ .	lls, and tran uting to and			ng train,	bus, et	c., that die	in't involv	e overnigh	nt 	2			
		while away neals and en			;ht, inclu 	*	dging, airr		rental, etc		3	5	514	
	ness exper rtainment	ises not incl	uded on li	nes 1 thr	ough 3.	Don't i	nclude me	als and			4	6	540	
Dep	artment of	rtainment ex Transportation home on b	on (DOT) h	nours of	service li	imits: M	fultiply me	al expens	ses incurre		5	4	39	
on S gove	chedule A arnment off	s. Add lines (Form 1040 icials, qualifi special rules	NR), line ed perform	7). (Arme ning artis	ed Force sts, and i	s reserv individu	vists, fee-l uals with c	asis stat isabilities	e or local : See the		6	4.7	206	
Part II		ion on You				,								
8 Of th	ne total nun	lace your ve nber of miles 7,933	s you drov	e your ve	əhicle du	iring 20	16, enter	hə numb		you use	d your	vehicle fo	or:	late
9 Was	your vehic	le available f	or person	al use dı	uring off-	-duty ho	ours?.					. 🗶	Yes [] No
		spouse) hav											Yes [
		idence to su											Yes [
b If "Y or Paperwo	es," is the e	evidence wri	tten? . , see vour	tax retur	n instruct	tions.			 lo. 20604Q			. 🗶 🕻	Yes D 06-EZ	0 No

	3903	Moving Expenses		OMB No. 1545-0074
cartn	nent of the Treas Revenue Servic	▶ Information about Form 3903 and its instructions is available at www.irs.gov/form390	03.	2016 Attachment Sequence No. 170
ime(s	s) shown on ret Donald L		You	r social security number 482-11-6043
efo	re you beg	 gin: ✓ See the Distance Test and Time Test in the instructions to find out if you can expenses. ✓ See Members of the Armed Forces in the instructions, if applicable. 	n dedu	uct your moving
1	Transport	ation and storage of household goods and personal effects (see instructions)	1	1,183
2	· ·	cluding lodging) from your old home to your new home (see instructions). Do not e cost of meals	2	
3	Add lines	1 and 2	3	1,183
4	not includ	total amount your employer paid you for the expenses listed on lines 1 and 2 that is led in box 1 of your Form W-2 (wages). This amount should be shown in box 12 of your with code P	4	
5	ls line 3 m	nore than line 4?		
	□ No.	You cannot deduct your moving expenses. If line 3 is less than line 4, subtract line 3 from line 4 and include the result on Form 1040, line 7, or Form 1040NR, line 8.		
	X Yes.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 26, or Form 1040NR, line 26. This is your moving expense deduction	5	1,183

Computation of expenses related to honoraria on Sample Return No. 2/page 49

	De	eductible		Nondeductible
Airfare	\$2,042 x	61% = 1	,246	796
Auto	2,319 x 54¢ x	61% =	764	488
Lodging	400 x	61% =	244	156
Supplies	<u> 700</u> x	61% =	427	273
	4,394 x	61% = 2	,680	1,714

Subtract line And your filing status is – 1 1 1 2 500 3 3 500 1 4 1 1 5 1 1 1 6 1 1 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <th>artn</th> <th>88880</th> <th></th> <th>Attach to Form</th> <th>Retirement Sav</th> <th>Form 1040</th> <th>NR.</th> <th></th> <th>2016</th>	artn	88880		Attach to Form	Retirement Sav	Form 1040	NR.		2016
You cannot take this credit if either of the following applies. • The amount on Form 1040, line 38; Form 1040A, line 22; or Form 1040NR, line 37 is more than \$30,7 household; \$61,500 if married filling jointly). • The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 1 dependent on someone else's 2016 tax return, or (c) was a student (see instructions). Traditional and Roth IRA (including myRA) contributions for 2016. Do not include rollover contributions. (a) You Elective deferrals to a 401(k) or other qualified employer plan, voluntary employee contributions, and 501(c)(18)(D) plan contributions for 2016. Do not include rollover contributions, and 501(c)(18)(D) plan contributions for 2016 (see instructions). 1 • Certain distributions received after 2013 and before the due date (including extensions) of your 2016 tax return (see instructions). If married filling jointly, include both spouses' amounts in both columns. See instructions for a exception 4 • Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0- 5 500 • and column, enter the smaller of line 5 or \$2,000 6 500 • Add the amounts on line 6. If zero, stop; you cannot take this credit. 8 27,834 • Enter the applicable decimal amount shown below: 1 0 3 If line 8 is - Married filling jointly household separately, or Cualifying widow(er) 5 .2 • Sti 8,500 5	ie(s) shown on return	Pinion		bo and its instructions is	s at www.u	s.govnormoodo	Your so	Sequence No. 54
The amount on Form 1040, line 38; Form 1040A, line 22; or Form 1040NR, line 37 is more than \$30,7 household; \$\$01,500 if married filing jointly is 1, 1 dependent on someone else's 2016 tax return, or (c) was a student (see instructions). Traditional and Roth IRA (including <i>m</i> yRA) contributions for 2016. Do not include rollover contributions	D		met toko thio	orodit if either of t	o following applica			482	-11-6043
household; \$61,500 if married filing jointly). • The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 1 dependent on someone else's 2016 tax return, or (c) was a student (see instructions). Traditional and Roth IRA (including <i>m</i> /RA) contributions for 2016. Do not include rollover contributions					0.11		7 ie mere then f	100 750	the top if hand of
Traditional and Roth IRA (including myRA) contributions for 2016. Do not include rollover contributions. (a) You Elective deferrals to a 401(k) or other qualified employer plan, voluntary employee contributions, and 501(c)(18)(D) plan contributions for 2016 (see instructions). 1 Add lines 1 and 2	Т л	household	d; \$61,500 if ma	rried filing jointly).					
Traditional and Roth IRA (including myRA) contributions for 2016. Do not include rollover contributions		dependen	t on someone e	lse's 2016 tax return,	or (c) was a student (se	e instructio	/		
not include rollover contributions 1 Elective deferrals to a 401(k) or other qualified employer plan, voluntary employee contributions, and 501(c)(18)(D) plan contributions for 2016 (see instructions) 2 Add lines 1 and 2 . . Add lines 1 and 2 . . Certain distributions received after 2013 and before the due date (including extensions) of your 2016 tax return (see instructions). If married filing jointly, include both spouses' amounts in both columns. See instructions for an exception . Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0- . . In each column, enter the smaller of line 5 or \$2,000 . . Add the amounts on line 6. If zero, stop; you cannot take this credit . . Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38*; Form 1040A, line 22; or Form 1040NR, line 37 . . Enter the applicable decimal amount shown below: . . . If line 8 is - And your filing status is - . . \$18,500 .5 .5 . . Solo \$20,000 .5 .5 . . . Single, Married filing jointly household separately, or Cualifying widow(er) . \$18,500<		Traditional and	Roth IBA (inc	luding myBA) contri	butions for 2016 Do		(a) You		(b) Your spouse
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(see instructions) 2 500 Add lines 1 and 2									
Add lines 1 and 2							500		
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Form 1040NR, line 37 8 27,834 Enter the applicable decimal amount shown below: If line 8 is - And your filing status is - If line 8 is - Married Head of household Single, Married filing separately, or Qualifying widow(er) \$18,500 .5 .5 .5 \$18,500 \$20,000 .5 .5 .5 \$18,500 \$20,000 .5 .5 .2 \$20,000 \$27,750 .5 .5 .1 \$21,750 \$30,000 .5 .1 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .0 \$37,000 \$40,000 .2 .1 .0 \$446,125 .1 .1 .0 .0 \$61,500 .0 .0 .0 \$61,500 .0 .0 .0 \$61,500 .0 .0 .0 \$61,500						í í í	· · · · · ₁		500
Enter the applicable decimal amount shown below: If line 8 is - And your filing status is - Over- But not over- Married filing jointly Head of household Single, Married filing separately, or Qualifying widow(er) \$18,500 .5 .5 .5 \$18,500 \$20,000 .5 .5 .2 \$20,000 \$27,750 .5 .5 .1 \$27,750 \$30,000 .5 .2 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .0 \$37,000 \$40,000 .2 .1 .0 \$40,000 \$46,125 .1 .1 .0 \$40,000 \$46,125 .1 .0 .0 Note: If line 9 is zero, stop; you cannot take this credit. Multiply line 7 by line 9 Limitation based on tax liability. Enter the amount from the Credit Limit Worksheet in the instructions <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>27.834</td> <td></td> <td></td>						8	27.834		
Over- But not over- Married filing jointly Head of household Single, Married filing separately, or Qualifying widow(er) \$18,500 .5 .5 .5 \$18,500 \$20,000 .5 .5 .5 \$20,000 \$27,750 .5 .5 .1 \$27,750 \$30,000 .5 .1 .1 \$27,750 \$30,000 .5 .1 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .0 \$37,000 \$40,000 .2 .1 .0 \$46,125 .1 .1 .0 .0 \$46,125 \$61,500 .1 .0 .0 Wittply line 7 by line 9 Limitation based on tax liability. Enter the amount from the Credit Limit Worksheet in the instructions		Enter the appli	cable decimal a	amount shown below	r.				
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Over- But not over- filing jointly Enter on line 9- household Gualifying widow(er) \$18,500 .5 .5 .5 \$18,500 \$20,000 .5 .5 .2 \$20,000 \$27,750 .5 .5 .1 \$27,750 \$30,000 .5 .2 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .1 \$30,000 \$30,750 .5 .1 .0 \$31,000 \$40,000 .2 .1 .0 \$40,000 \$46,125 .1 .1 .0 \$46,125 \$61,500 .1 .0 .0 Set: If line 9 is zero, stop; you cannot take this credit. Multiply line 7 by line 9 Limitation based on tax liability. Enter the amount from the Credit Limit Worksheet in the instructions Credit for qualified retirement savings contributions. Enter the smaller of line 10 o							Married filing		
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Credit for qualified retirement savings contributions. Enter the smaller of line 10 or line 11 here				,					68
and on Form 1040, line 51; Form 1040A, line 34; or Form 1040NR, line 48				•				e	
		and on Form 1	040, line 51; Fo	orm 1040A, line 34; o	r Form 1040NR, line 4	8		12	68
"See Pub. 590-A for the amount to enter if you are filing Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4563 or you are excluding income		"See Pub. 590-A	for the amount t	o enter if you are filing l	Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4	4563 or you	are excluding ind	come from	n Puerto Rico.
Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions. Cat. No. 33394D	P	aperwork Redu	iction Act Noti	ce, see your tax ret	urn instructions.		Cat. No. 33394D		Form 8880 (20

Depart	8962 tment of the Trea	sury e ► Informati		Attach	to Form 10	40, 1040/	lit (PTC A, or 1040NR ructions is at	t www.ln	s.gov/form8962.		2016 Attachment Sequence No. 73
Vame	shown on your r Donald L.								al security number 2-11-6043		
You	cannot claim the	PTC if your filing status	is married fili	ng separate	ly unless you	quality for a	in exception (s	e instruct	ions). If you qualify, c	heck t	hebox.
Par	rtl Annu	ual and Monthly	Contribu	rtion An	nount						
1	Tax family s	ize. Enter the numbe	r of exempti	ons from I	Form 1040 o	r Form 10	40A, line 6d,	or Form	1040NR, line 7d	1	4
2a	AGI (see ins	GI. Enter your mo tructions)	2a		27,834				ur dependents' ons)	2Ь	0
з		income. Add the ame								3	27,834
4	appropriate	erty line. Enter the fe box for the federal p	overty table	used. a	🗌 Alaska	ь 🗌 н	awaii c 🛛	Other 4	8 states and DC	4	24,250
5 6		ncome as a percenta; ex 4010, en line 52 d	-							5	114
0	No. Cor	er 401% on line 57 (\$ ntinue to line 7.		-				#1=	- instructions for		
		ou are not eligible to report your excess a				t or the P	re was mad	e, see th	e instructions for		
7	Applicable F	igure. Using your line	5 percentad	e, locate y	our "applica	ble figure'	on the table	in the ins	tructions	7	0.0203
8a		ution amount. Multiply li to nearest whole dollar a			565				nt. Divide line 8a. ole dollar amount	8b	47
Par	tll Pren	nium Tax Credit	t Claim ar	nd Reco	nciliation	of Adv	ance Payr	nent of	Premium Tax	Cre	dit
9	_ '	cating policy amount						_			÷ 1
10		o to Part IV, Allocation o ructions to determin						-	No. Continue to	line	10.
		ontinue to line 11. Co itinue to line 24.	ompute your	annual P	TC. Then sk	ip lines 13	2–23	C	No. Continue your monthly P		es 12–23. Comp dicontinue to line :
с	Annual alculation	(a) Annual enrollment premiums (Form(s) 1095-A, line 33A)	(b) Annual a SLCSP pr (Form(s) 1 line 3	emium 095-A,	(o) An contribution (ine)	n amount	(d) Annual m premium as (subtract (c) f zero or less,	sistance rom (b), if	(e) Annual promium credit allowed (smaller of (a) or ((f) Annual advance payment of IPTC (Fo (s) 1095-A, The 330
11	Annual Totals	9,155	9,15	5	56	5	8,59		8,590		8,658
	Monthly alculation	 (a) Monthly enrollment premiums (Form(s) 1095-A, lines 21–32, column A) 	(b) Monthly a SLCSP prem (s) 1095-A, lin colum	ium (Form nes 21–32,	(c) Mor contribution (amount fro or alternative monthly ca	n amount m line Sb e marriage	(d) Monthly r premium as (subtract (c) t zero or less,	sistance rom (b), if	(e) Monthly premiur areait allowed (smaller of (a) or (F	(f) Monthly advance ayment of PTC (Form 1095-A, lines 21–39 column C)
12	January										
13	February									_	
14	March										
15 16	April May									-+	
17	June										
18	July										
19	August										
20	September									\rightarrow	
21	October									\rightarrow	
22 23	November December									\rightarrow	
24		um tax credit. Enter f	he amount fr	rom line 1	l 1(e) or add li	nes 12(e)	through 23(e)	and ente	ar the total here	24	8,590
25		yment of PTC. Enter			1.2		• • • •			25	8,658
26	Net premium 1040, line 69	' tax credit. If line 24 is ; Form 1040A, line 45;	; greater than or Form 1040	line 25, su NR, line 65	btract line 25 5. If line 24 eq	from line uals line 25	24. Enter the o	tifference top here.	here and on Form If line 25 is greater		
Part		leave this line blank an ayment of Exce								26	
27		ince payment of PTC.	-	reater tha	n line 24, sub	tract line 2	4 from line 25	. Enter th	e difference here	27	68
28	Repayment	limitation (see instru	ctions) .							28	600
		ance premium tax cr 140A, line 29; or Fori								29	68
29		duction Act Notice,								29	Form 8962 (20

	chment 1.	lincomo the	t and named	ductible
Computation of expenses, allocatable to tax	k-free ministeria			
Salarry as a minister (loss housing allower as designation		<u>Taxable</u>	<u>Tax-Free</u>	<u>Total</u>
Salary as a minister (less housing allowance designation and 403(b) contributions)		\$ 8,500		\$ 8,500
Special occasion gifts		\$ 8,900 500		\$ 8,900 500
Reimbursement of self-employment tax		2,100		2,100
Expense allowance under nonaccountable plan		1,700		
		1,/00		1,700
Housing allowance: Amount designated and paid by church	\$ 2,000			
e i ,	\$ 2,000			
Actual expenses		1 000	¢ 1.000	2 000
Taxable portion of allowance	\$ 1,000	1,000	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	2,000
Fair rental value of home (including furnishings and utility	ties)	5 200	11,150	11,150
Schedule C gross income from ministry		5,200	<u> </u>	5,200
Ministerial income		<u>\$ 19,000</u>	\$ 12,150	\$ 31,150
% of nondeductible expenses: \$12,150/\$31,150 = 39%)			
Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses				
		61%	39%	
Business mileage:		Deductible	<u>Not Dedu</u>	<u>actible</u>
$7,933 \times 54^{\circ}$ per mile		\$ 2,613	\$ 1,0	571
Travel expense:		\$ 2,015	ψ 1,	<i>,</i> , ,
Airfare		412	-	263
Lodging		102	2	65
		102		0)
Business expenses:		122		78
Subscriptions				, -
Books and supplies		213		137
Continuing education tuition		305	1	195
Meals and entertainment expenses:	222			
	233			
	<u>,207</u>			
$\frac{\$ 1}{3}$	$440 \times 50\% = 72	0 439		281
Form 2106-EZ		\$ 4,206	\$2,0	<u>590</u>
Atta	chment 2.			
Net earnings from self-employment	(attachment to	Schedule SE,	Form 1040))
Salary paid by church as reflected on Form W-2, Box 1				\$ 12,800
Net profit or loss as reflected on Schedule C or C-EZ (ind	cludes speaking hor	noraria, offerings		-
you receive for weddings, baptisms, funerals, and other				2,520
Housing allowance excluded from salary on Form W-2	/			2,000
Fair rental value of church-provided housing (including p	aid utilities)			11,150
The restain value of church provided housing (including p	una utiliticoj			28,470
Less:				20,4/0
	ances or roimhurse	d expenses paid		
Unreimbursed ministerial business and professional exp		a expenses paid		

under a nonaccountable plan

- A. Deductible on Schedule A before the 2% of AGI limitationB. Not deductible on Form 2106/2106 EZ (\$2,690) or Schedule C/C-EZ (\$1,714)
- because expenses were allocated to taxable/nontaxable income 4,404 *Total deductions*Net earnings from self-employment (to Schedule SE) (See page 50)
 \$19,860

4,206

Housing Allowand Minister Living in Owned or Rented by	n Housing	t
Name: Donald L. Hall		
For the periodJanuary 1, 20_16_ to	December 31	, 2016
Date designation approved December 20	, 20 <u>_15</u>	
Allowable Housing Expenses (expenses paid from current	nt income)	
	Estimated Expenses	Actual
Utilities (gas, electricity, water) and trash collection	\$	\$
Local telephone expense (base charge)	250	275
Decoration and redecoration		
Structural maintenance and repair		
Landscaping, gardening, and pest control		
Furnishings (purchase, repair, replacement)	1,218	460
Personal property insurance on minister-owned contents	200	190
Personal property taxes on contents	150	75
Umbrella liability insurance		
Subtotal	1,818	
10% allowance for unexpected expenses	182	
TOTAL	\$2,000	\$ (A)
Properly designated housing allowance		\$ (B)
The amount excludable from income for federal income	tax purposes is the lov	wer of A or B.

Because actual housing expenses are less than the designated allowance, the housing exclusion is limited to \$1,000. The \$1,000 difference between the designation and the exclusion is reported as excess housing allowance on Form 1040, line 7 (see page 47).

22222		mployee's social security number 482-11-6043	OMB No. 1		ges, tips, other compensation	2 Federal income tax with	thead
25-7921	873			1 Mag	12800.00	Z Pederar income tax with	Interc
Employer's name, a	address, and ZIP oc	de		3 So:	cial security wages	4 Social security tax with	held
	er Community encer Avenue			5 Me	dicare wages and tips	6 Medicare tax withheld	
	, IN 46992			7 So	cial security tips	8 Allocated tips	
d Control number				9		10 Dependent care benefi	its
 Employee's first na 	ma and initial	Last name		uff. 11 No	ngual fied plans	12a See instructions for bo	
Donald		Hall	°			000 V	54.12
	den Avenue			13 San emp	utory Retirement Third-party loyee plan aick pay X	E 500	
Pensaco	ola, FL 32502			14 Oth	er	12c	
						12d	
Employee's address	and ZIP code					3	2537
5 State Employer's FL	state ID number	16 State wages, tips, etc. 12800.00	17 State in	come tax	18 Local wages, tips, etc.	19 Local income tax 20 L	Locality
. <u>. </u>							
					Demoster and a	f the Treasury—Internal Reven	_
opy A For Social Sorm W-3 to the Soc	al Security Adm	stration — Send this entire pa inistration; photocopies are n Do Not Cut, Fold	age with not acceptable, or Staple	Forms	Foi Ac	r Privacy Act and Paperwork I t Notice, see the separate ins Cat. N	Reduc
opy A For Social Sorm W-3 to the Soc	Security Administical Security Adm Explanation Salary (\$ \$500	tration – Send this entire pain inistration; photocopies are n Do Not Cut, Fold of compensation rep- 11,000 less \$2,000 h 403[b] contributions	age with not acceptable , or Staple orted on 1 ousing all	e. 9 Forms Form W	For Act	t Notice, see the separate ins	Reduc structi
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2017 Filing Dates

January

17 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (last payment for prior tax period)

February

15 W-4 (if claimed an exemption, to continue same exemption in current year)

April

- 17 Personal tax returns due
- 17 Quarterly Estimated Taxes, if not paid with return (first payment for current tax year)

June

15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (2nd payment for current tax year)

September

15 Quarterly Estimated Taxes (3rd payment for current tax year)

October

16 If you had an automatic extension to file your individual income tax return, it is now due The Tax System for Ministers

• Employees v. self-employed for income tax purposes Treas. Reg. 31.3401(c)-1(b)-(c)

> Weber v. Commissioner, 103 T.C.M. 19 (1994), Affirmed 4th Cir., 94-2609 (1995)

Shelley v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 432 (1994)

Rev. Rul. 87-41

- Exempt from income tax withholding Code Sec. 3401(a)(9)
- Qualifying tests for ministerial status Treas. Reg. 1.1402(c)-5

Ltr. Rul. 199910055

Mosley v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 457 (1994)

Knight v. Commissioner 92 T.C.M. 12 (1989)

• Voluntary withholding of income tax for clergy Rev. Rul. 68-507

The Housing Allowance

• Designation of housing allowance Treas. Reg. 1.107-1(b)

> Whittington v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 296 (2000)

Mosley v. Commissioner, T.C.M. 457 (1994)

• Determination of housing exclusion amount

Clergy Housing Allowance Clarification Act, Public Law 107-181

- Warren v. Commissioner, 114 T.C., No. 23 (1998) Appeal to the Ninth Cir. Court of Appeals (Feb. 2000), case dismissed by Ninth Cir. Court of Appeals (Aug. 2002)
- Housing allowances for retired clergy Rev. Proc. 92-3

Rev. Rul. 75-22

Citations

Compensation and Fringe Benefits

- 403(b) plans Code Sec. 403(b)
 Code Sec. 1402(a)
- Healthcare flexible spending account Code Sec. 105(b), (e)
- Health reimbursement arrangements Code Sec. 105(b), (e)

Rev. Rul. 2002-41

IRS Notice 2002-45

- IRS Policy 80,600
- Health savings accounts Code Sec. 233
 - IRS Notice 2004-2
 - Rev. Proc. 2004-22
 - IRS Notice 2004-23

Rev. Rul. 2004-38

IRS Notice 2004-50

• Highly compensated employees Code Sec. 414(q)

Treas. Reg. 1.132-8(f)(1)

- Medical insurance premiums paid by the church Code Sec. 106(a)
 Code Sec. 4980B
- Nontaxable fringe benefits Code Sec. 132
- Property transfers Treas. Reg. 1.61-2(d)(2)
- Reimbursement payments excludable from recipient's income Letter Ruling 9112022
- Retirement gifts Code Sec. 102(c)

Commissioner v. Duberstein, 363 U.S. 278, 285 (1960)

Rev. Rul. 55-422

 Sabbatical Pay Kant v. Commissioner, T.C. Memo 1997-217

- Social security reimbursements Rev. Rul. 68-507
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• Educational expenses Ltr. Rul. 9431024

> Burt v. Commissioner, 40 T.C.M. 1164 (1980)

• Personal computer expenses Code Sec. 280F

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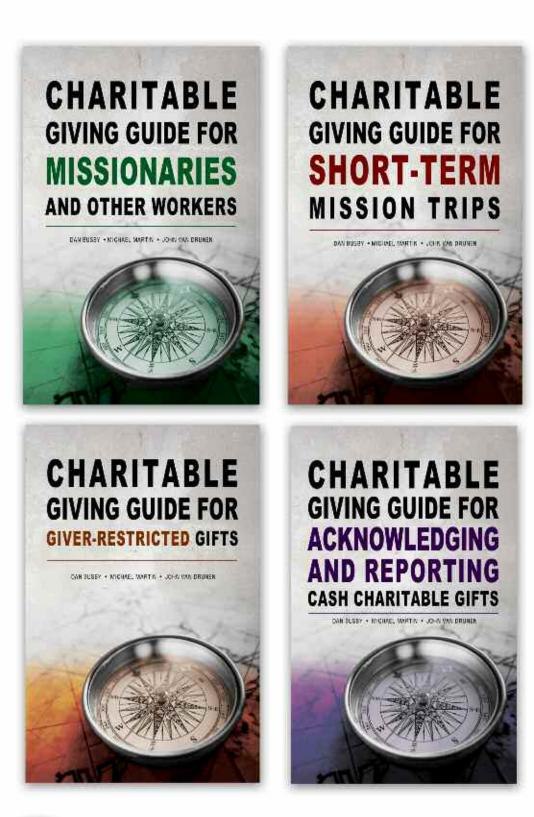
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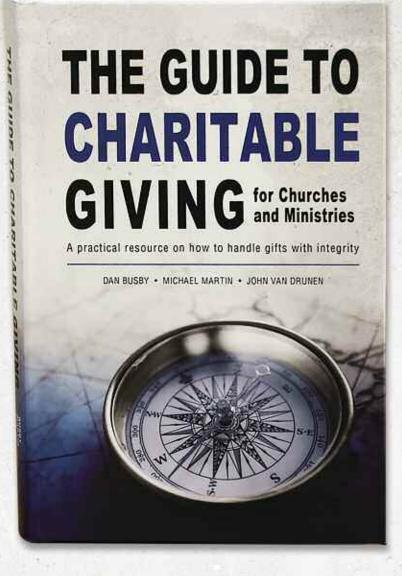
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